

Rewriting Modulo SMT Techniques for Parametric Analysis

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Rewriting Logic Semantics and Symbolic Analysis for Parametric Timed Automata

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FTSCS 2022: Proceedings of the 8th ACM SIGPLAN International Workshop on Formal Techniques for Safety-Critical Systems • November 2022 • Pages 3–15 • <https://doi.org/10.1145/3563822.3569923>



International Conference on Applications and Theory of Petri Nets and Concurrency
↳ PETRI NETS 2023: [Application and Theory of Petri Nets and Concurrency](#) pp 369–392

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Symbolic Analysis and Parameter Synthesis for Time Petri Nets Using Maude and SMT Solving

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Science of Computer Programming
Volume 231, March 2024, 103074



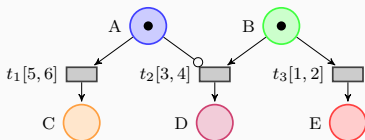
Symbolic analysis and parameter synthesis for networks of parametric timed automata with global variables using Maude and SMT solving

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Joint work with: [Jaime Arias](#), [Kyungmin Bae](#), [Peter Csaba Ölveczky](#), [Laure Petrucci](#) and [Fredrik Rømming](#).

Motivation: Verification of real-time systems

- Timed automata
- Time Petri nets



Pros

- Decidable fragments
- Efficient verification procedures
- Extended with [parameters](#).

Cons

1. No support for user-defined data types
2. No support for other forms of communication and dynamic object creation/deletion

Motivation: Verification of real-time systems

Rewriting logic / Maude

```
mod SYSTEM
  eq t = t' .
  rl l => r if C .
  ...
```

Pros

- Very expressive and general
- User-defined data types
- Large applications
- Executable specification
- [Maude system](#): full LTL model checking, reachability, ...

Cons

- Most analysis problems are undecidable
- Explicit-state analysis of [real-time theories](#) is **unsound** for dense time

- **Interpreter:** Executable **rewrite semantics** for **parametric** timed Automata (**PTA**) and **parametric** time Petri nets with inhibitor arcs (**PITPN**)
- **Sound and complete** symbolic analysis (**Rewriting + SMT**)
- **Analysis methods:** Reachability, **parameter synthesis**, model checking
- **New analysis:**
 - Full LTL model checking
 - Executions with strategies
 - Synthesis also of initial markings
- Novel **folding** procedure (**termination**)
- **Long term goal:** Symbolic analysis of **real-time rewrite theories**

1 **Rewriting logic**

2 **PTAs**

3 **PITPNs**

4 **Back to PTAs**

5 **Concluding Remarks**

- 1** **Rewriting logic**
- 2 PTAs
- 3 PITPNs
- 4 Back to PTAs
- 5 Concluding Remarks

- Computational logic: **concurrent computation** + **logical deduction**

$$\mathcal{R} = (\Sigma, E \cup B, R)$$

Equational theory

Signature Equations Axioms Rules

- **States** are terms modulo $E \cup B$
- Rules (**cr**l $l \Rightarrow r$ **if** c) in R define **system transitions**

- Equational theory (**algebraic data types**): defining states
- Rewriting rules: behavior of the system
- Executable specification

MaudE3

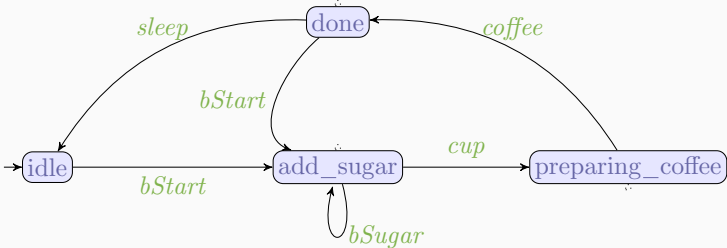
- A high-performance rewriting logic engine
- Executes **admissible** theories (confluence and termination of E , coherence of R w.r.t. E , ...)
- Several generic formal analysis tools (rewrite, **search**, **LTL model checker**, narrowing, **SMT**, etc).

- 1 Rewriting logic
- 2** **PTAs**
- 3 PITPNs
- 4 Back to PTAs
- 5 Concluding Remarks

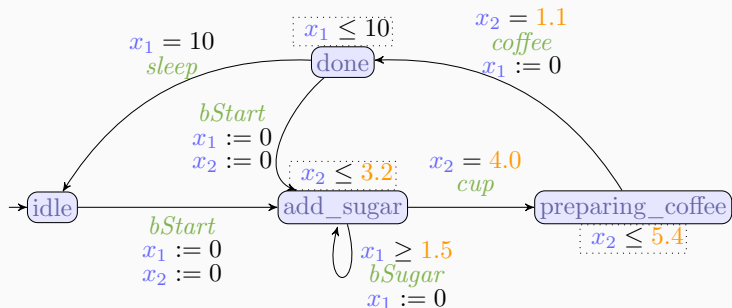
Models: not all the choices, components, response times, are known.

Parameters

- Flexibility
- Avoid verifying the system when the unknown components change
- Central problem: **Parameter synthesis**



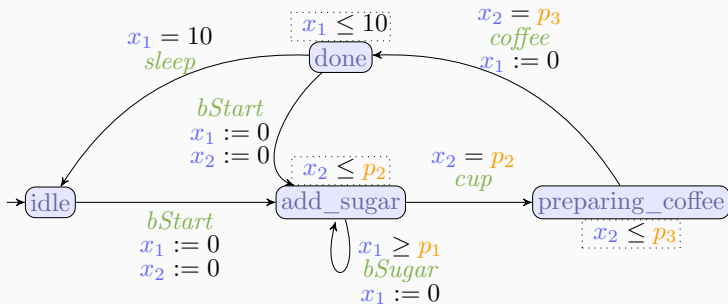
Timed Automata



clocks and constants

Constraints for invariants and guards.

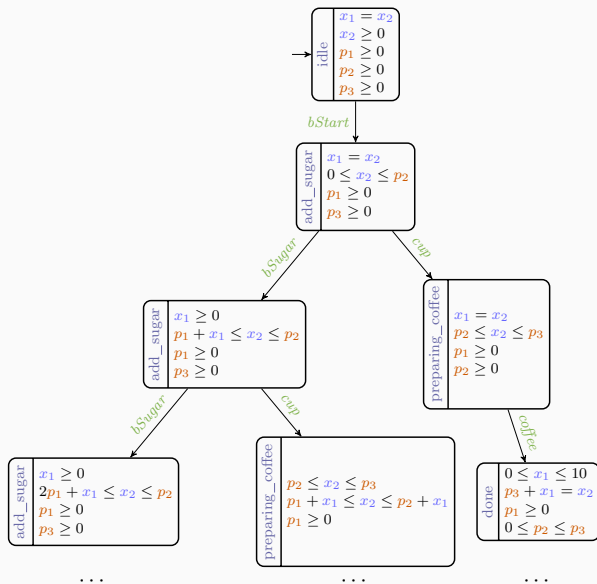
Parametric Timed Automata



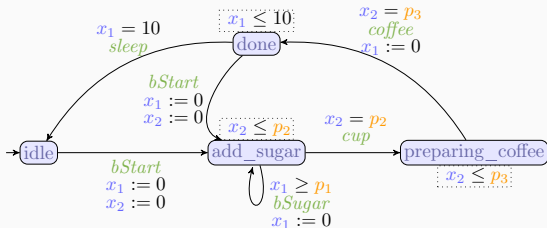
clocks and parameters

Synthesis: If $p_2 \leq p_3$ we can have a coffee!

Parametric Zone Graph (PZG)



Parametric Timed Automata



Imitator



- Timed model checking
- Parameter synthesis with dedicated algorithms
- Restricted to PTA-based systems

PTA/Imitator vs Rewriting Logic/Maude

PTA/Imitator

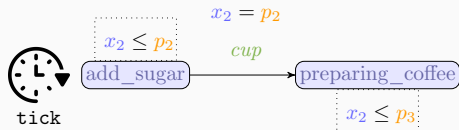
- Heuristic, optimizations and approximation techniques.
- Decidable fragments

RL/Maude

- More expressive (alg. data types)
- Undecidable in general
- No parametric analysis

Learn and take the best from both worlds!

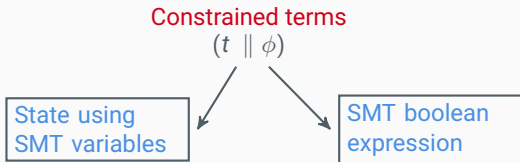
RW semantics for PTA: The tick rule problem



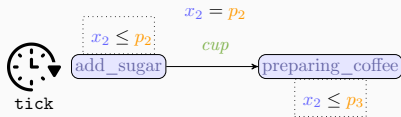
```
vars T P1 P2 P3 : PosRat .  
crl [tick] :  
  [ add_sugar : X1 ; X2 ] < P1 ; P2 ; P3 > =>  
  < add_sugar : X1 + T ; X2 + T > < P1 ; P2 ; P3 >  
  if (X2 + T <= P2 and T >= 0/1) = true [nonexec] .
```

- What is the value of T? **Not executable rule!**
- Parameters P_1, P_2, P_3 are indeed **constants** (ground rewriting)

Solution: Symbolic techniques (Rewriting Modulo SMT)



- $\llbracket (t \parallel \phi) \rrbracket$: possibly infinite set of concrete states (instances of t)
- Symbolic rewrite relation \rightsquigarrow : adding constraints + checking satisfiability
- A single symbolic transition captures all possible delays!



Symbolic states: $t \parallel \phi$ (term + SMT boolean expression)

```

var T P1 P2 P3 : RExpr . --- SMT Real Variables
crl [add_sugar-tick] :
  [ add_sugar : X1 ; X2 ] < P1 ; P2 ; P3 > =>
  < add_sugar : X1 + T ; X2 + T > < P1 ; P2 ; P3 >
  if smtCheck(X2 + T <= P2 and T >= 0/1) .
    
```

- Symbolic executions **correspond** to transitions of the PZG
- Executable in Maude-with-SMT

- Sound and complete **reachability analysis**:

```
smt-search [1] < idle ; X ; y > < P1 ; P2 ; P3 > =>*
               < done ; X' ; X' > < P1 ; P2 ; P3 >
               such that  $\psi$  .
```

Parameter synthesis: accumulated constraint $t \parallel \phi$:

- **EF ϕ synthesis**: reachability plus quantifier elimination $\exists X.\phi$
- Only available for the SMT solver **Z3**.
- **AG $\neg\phi$** : finding all solution (**termination problem!**) and negating the result.

Termination Problem

- `smt-search` stop exploring when it sees **the same** symbolic state.
- A new **fresh** variable is created when the tick rule is applied.
- **No termination** for negative queries.

new `reachability` command

Subsumption:

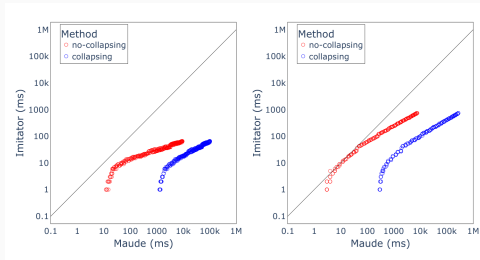
$$\phi_u \parallel t_u \sqsubseteq \phi_v \parallel t_v$$

iff there exists θ s.t. $t_u = t_v\theta$ and the implication $\phi_u \Rightarrow \phi_v\theta$ holds

Theorem

The command `reachability` terminates iff the PZG is finite.

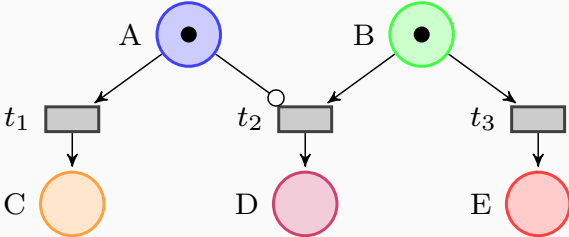
What we have so far...



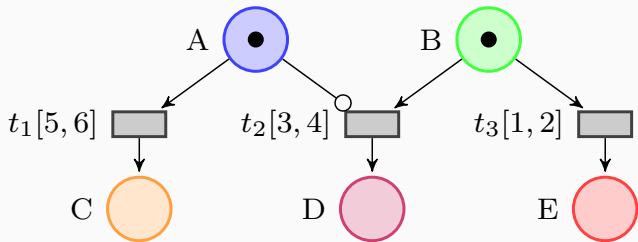
- Relatively simple model (“simple” states)
- Each PTA is **compiled** into a theory \mathcal{R}
- No **equations** in the theory (a requirement for **smt-search**)
- Sound and complete reachability analysis
- “Standard” folding was enough for guaranteeing termination
- Parameter synthesis only available with Z3.
- But this is not enough for networks of PTAs with **global variables**.....

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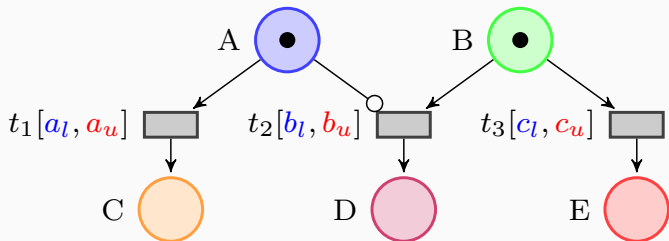
Petri net with inhibitor arcs



Time Petri net with inhibitor arcs



PITPN: Parametric time Petri net with inhibitor arcs



Synthesis problem: finding values for the parameters s.t. certain property holds

Concrete semantics: $\xrightarrow{\delta}; \xrightarrow{t}$

- $\xrightarrow{\delta}$: time advances $\delta \in \mathcal{R}_+$ and intervals are updated
- δ is constrained so that no enabled transition is missed
- \xrightarrow{t} : updates the marking and newly enabled transitions are reset

Symbolic semantics: $\xRightarrow{\delta}; \xRightarrow{t}$

- State classes (M, D)
- D is a constraint (conjunction of inequalities) on parameters Λ

Representing PITPNs in Maude

Syntax and representation: $\llbracket \mathcal{M} \rrbracket$

--- Sorts and constructors

`sorts` Label Place Marking ...

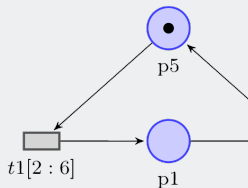
`op` `_|->_` : Place Nat -> Marking [ctor] .

--- Example of a concrete PITPN (no parameters)

`"t1" : "p5" |-> 1 -->`

`"p1" |-> 1`

`inhibit empty in [2 : 6]`



Dynamics: transition \xrightarrow{t}

`crl` [applyTransition] :

`M` : (L -> T) ; `CLOCKS` :

(L : PRE --> POST inhibit INHIBIT in INTERVAL) ; `NET`

=> (M - PRE) + POST :

L -> 0 ; `updateClocks`(`CLOCKS`, M - PRE, `NET`) :

(L : PRE --> POST inhibit INHIBIT in INTERVAL) ; `NET'`

`if active`(M, L : PRE --> POST inhibit INHIBIT in INTERVAL)

and (T in INTERVAL) .

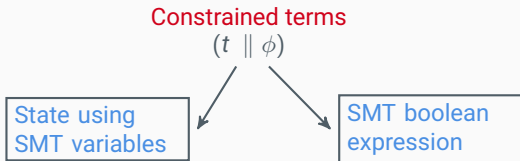
The tick rule: delay transition $\xrightarrow{\delta}$

```
cr1 [tick] : M : CLOCKS : NET => M : increaseClocks(M, CLOCKS, NET, T) : NET
if T <= mte(M, CLOCKS, NET) [nonexec] .
```

- Enabled transitions are not missed (predicate *mte*)
- Non executable : *T* needs to be sampled

Theorem (Bisimulation)

For any PITPN \mathcal{N} , the transition system induced by the *rewrite relation* in theory $\llbracket \mathcal{N} \rrbracket$ is bisimilar to the *concrete semantics* of \mathcal{N} .



- $\llbracket (t \parallel \phi) \rrbracket$: possibly infinite set of concrete states (instances of t)
- Symbolic rewrite relation \rightsquigarrow : adding constraints + checking satisfiability
- A single symbolic transition captures all possible delays!

```
cr1 [tick] : tickOk      : M : CLOCKS      : NET => ....  
           => tickNotOk : M : increaseClocks(M, CLOCKS, NET, T) : NET  
if (T >= 0 and mte(M, CLOCKS, NET, T)) .
```

Theorem (Adequacy)

For any PIPTPN \mathcal{N} , the symbolic semantics of \mathcal{N} corresponds to \rightsquigarrow -transitions.

Termination problem

- Each application of rule `tick` creates a fresh SMT variable
- Maude+SMT analyses do not terminate (even if the PZG is finite)
- Standard subsumption relation is not sufficient

New folding procedure

- New relation \preceq : based on matching + existential quantifier elimination
- Let U, V be two symbolic states and $U \Downarrow_{now} = t_u \parallel \phi_u, V \Downarrow_{now} = t_v \parallel \phi_v$

$$U \preceq V \text{ iff } t_u = t_v\theta \text{ and } \exists(U \Downarrow_{now}) \Rightarrow \exists(V \Downarrow_{now})\theta$$

- $\exists(U \Downarrow_{now})$ hides the information about ticks.
- Soundness and completeness: $\llbracket U \rrbracket \subseteq \llbracket V \rrbracket$ iff $U \preceq V$
- Collapsing states: $M \mapsto C_1 \vee \dots \vee C_n$

Theorem (Termination)

If the symbolic transition system for \mathcal{N} is finite, then so is the resulting symbolic rewrite relation with \preceq -folding.

EF-synthesis ($\mathbf{EF} \phi$). Standard Maude's search

```
search [1] init(net, m0, phi) =>* S : PHI' || ( TICK : M : CLOCKS : NET )
  such that smtCheck(PHI' and not k-safe(1,M)) .
```

Safety synthesis ($\mathbf{AG}(\neg\phi)$). Search + Folding

```
safety-syn(net, m0, a:Real >= 30/1 and a:Real <= 70/1, k-safe(1,M)) .
```

Strategies. Rewriting + Strategy

New analysis: What happens if t_3 has a higher priority?

```
t3-first := ( applyTransition[L <- "t3"] or-else all )!
```

Model Checking. (Search + Maude's LTL model checker)

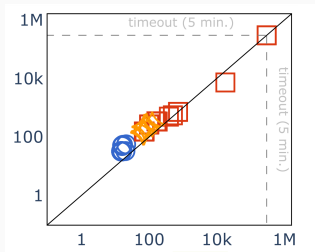
- The TCTL fragment $\exists F_J \phi \mid \forall G_J \phi \mid \phi \rightsquigarrow_{\leq b} \psi$ can be checked with [search + folding](#)
- The TCTL fragment $\mathbf{Q} \phi \mathbf{U}_J \psi \mid \forall F_J \phi \mid \exists G_J \phi$ can be checked using [Maude's LTL model checker](#) (+ some theory transformations)
- **New analysis:** full LTL model checking is available to PITPNs

Parametric initial marking

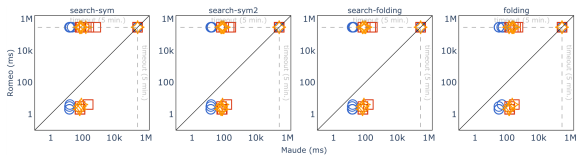
- The number of tokens at a place p is an SMT integer variable
- **New analysis:** Initial marking synthesis

Folding and synthesis

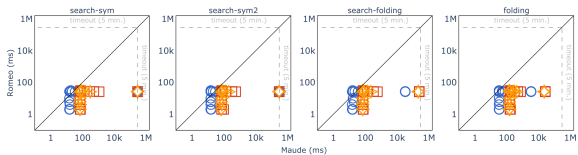
- Quantifier elimination is needed for folding and synthesis.
- Z3 was the only option available for $\exists X.\phi\dots$ but...



- We have implemented the FME procedure in Maude
- Yices2 (the fastest in our benchmarks) can be used now!



(a) producer-consumer



(b) scheduling

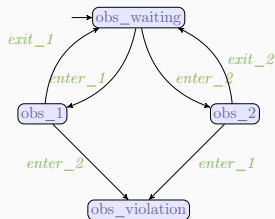
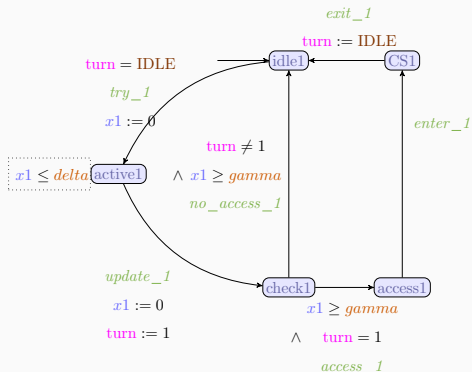


What we have so far...

- Equations are part of the theory and `smt-search` cannot be used directly.
- Standard subsumption does not work.
- A new folding eliminating tick variables is needed.
- Our benchmarks look much better with our own FME procedure (Yices2).

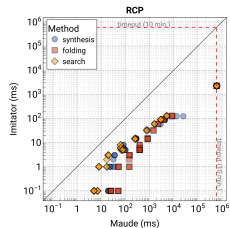
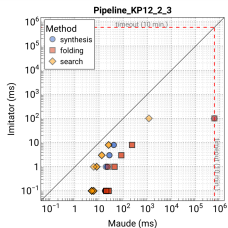
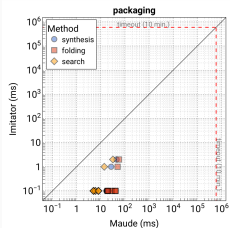
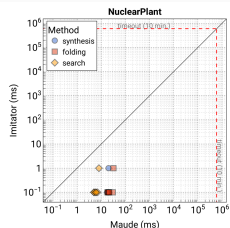
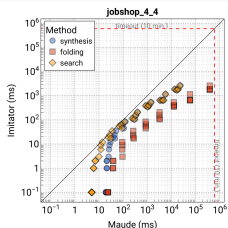
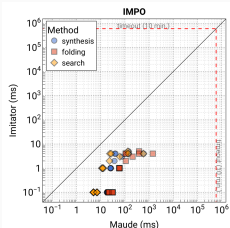
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Networks of PTAs with Variables



- We need an interpreter (product of automata)
- However, the interpreter is not as fast as the “compiled” PTA.

Imitator vs Maude



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Concluding Remarks

- Executable symbolic rewrite semantics for PTAs and PITPNs
- Sound and complete analyses: synthesis, reachability, TCTL model check
- **New Analyses:**
 - Full LTL model checking
 - **Strategies**
 - Synthesizing initial markings
- System for quick prototyping of new analysis methods
- Concrete steps for symbolic analysis of **real-time rewrite theories**
- New **strategy language** for **real-time** theories (WRLA'24).
- Full LTL/CTL (symbolic) model checking (in progress).

Thanks!

We acknowledge support from the PHC project Aurora AESIR and the NATO Science for Peace and Security Programme SymSafe.