

Verification of Parametric Markov Chains

SYNCOP 2024



Matthias Volk

Probabilistic models



Fault-tolerant systems



Robotics



Randomized algorithms



Communication protocols



Artificial intelligence

Probabilistic models



Fault-tolerant systems



Randomized algorithms



Communication protocols



Artificial intelligence

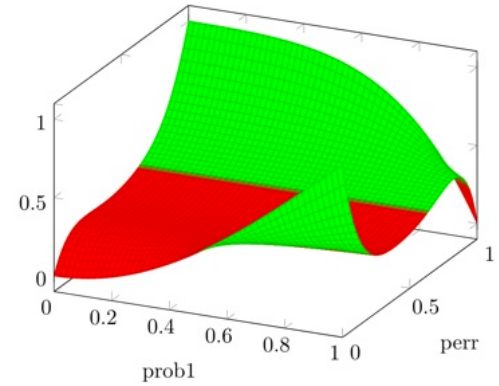
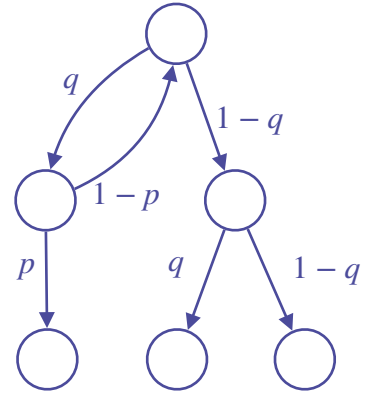
Problem:
probabilities/rates must be precisely known

Parametric Markov Chains

use **parameters** to capture uncertainties on probabilities

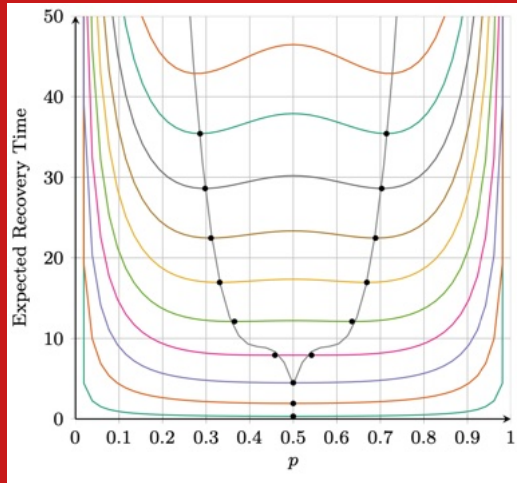
Goals:

- find **one** parameter valuation satisfying the requirement
- find **all** parameter valuation satisfying the requirement
- find the parameter valuation **optimizing** the requirement
- **partition** the parameter space into valuations satisfying/
violating the requirement

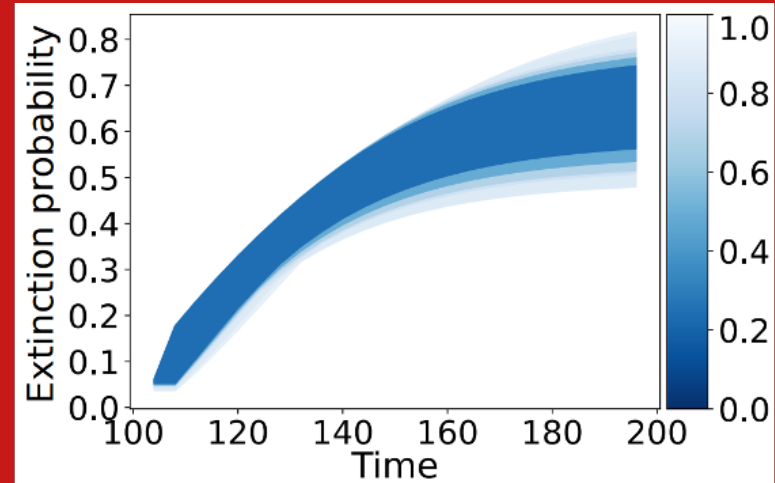


Parametric Markov chains

Synthesize optimal probabilities
for randomized algorithms

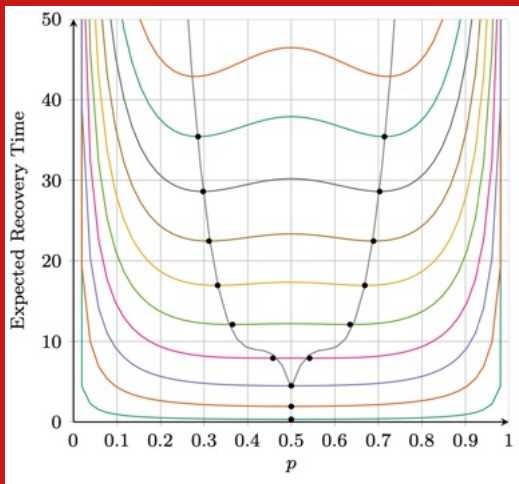


Handle uncertainty in
continuous-time models



Parametric Markov chains

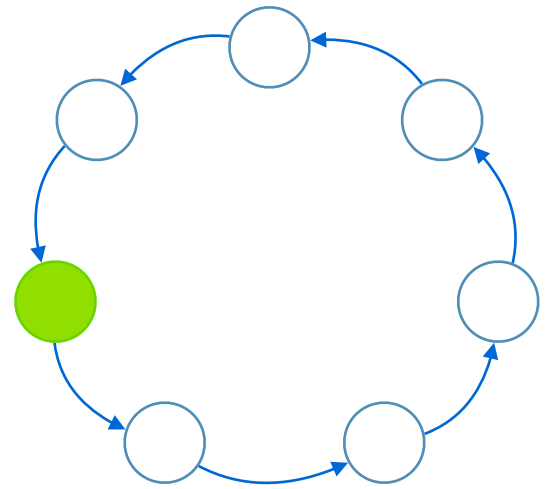
Synthesize optimal probabilities
for randomized algorithms



Joint work with Borzoo Bonakdarpour,
Joost-Pieter Katoen and Saba Aflaki

Self-stabilizing Algorithms

- Distributed system with several processes
- anonymous and synchronous
- exactly one process has token (stable configuration)
- after faults occur, reach a stable configuration again

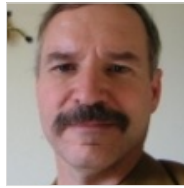


Problem:
In anonymous networks where all processes are identical
no deterministic algorithm exists.

[Angluin, 1980]

use randomization

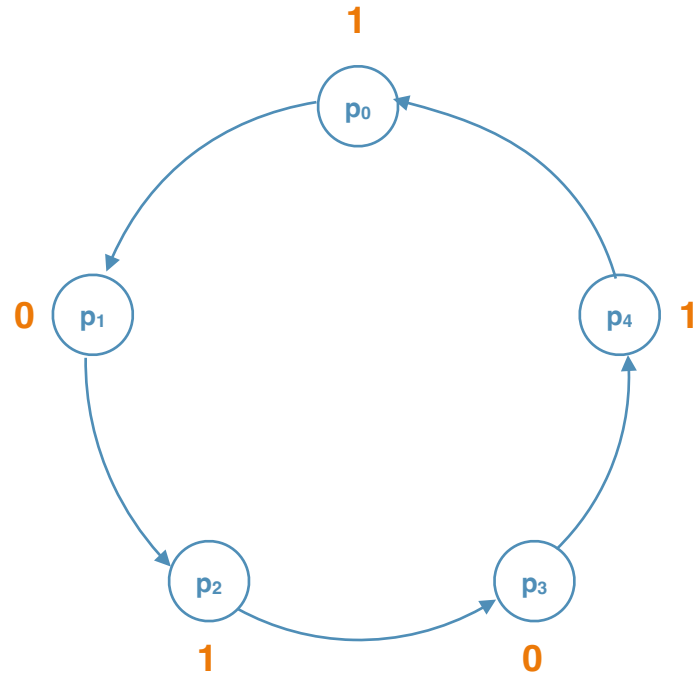
Herman's Protocol



- Processes throw coin with bias $p = 0.5$
- Process **has token** iff $x_i = x_{i-1}$
- Protocol:

$$x_i = x_{i-1} \longrightarrow p : x_i := 0 + (1 - p) : x_i = 1;$$

$$x_i \neq x_{i-1} \longrightarrow 1 : x_i := x_{i-1};$$

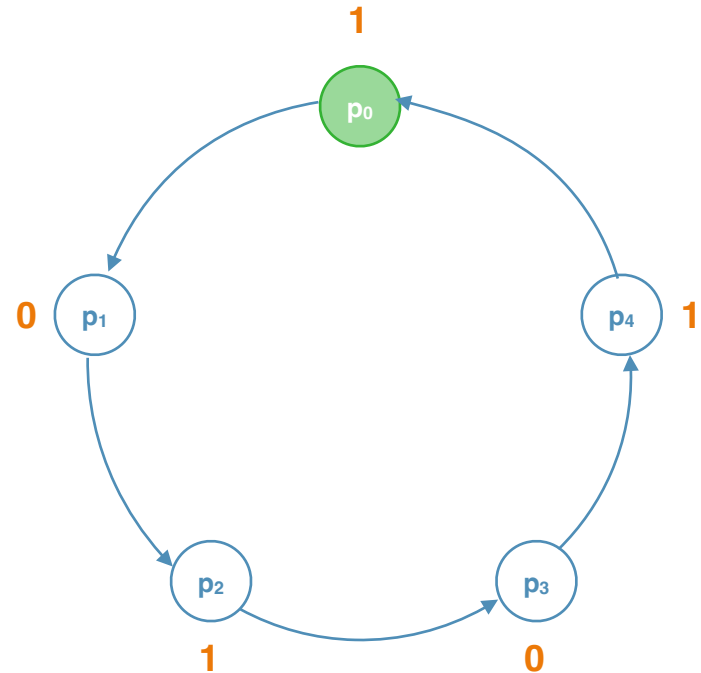


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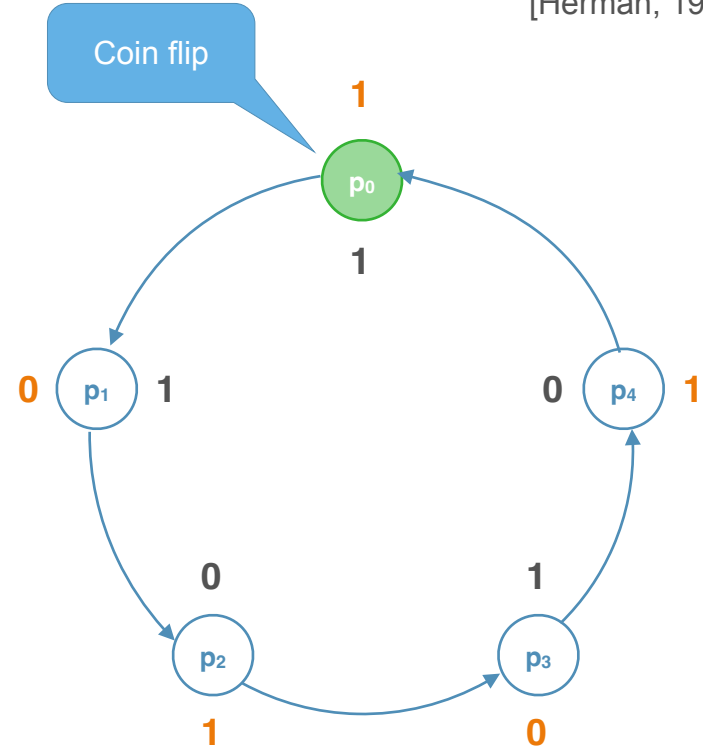


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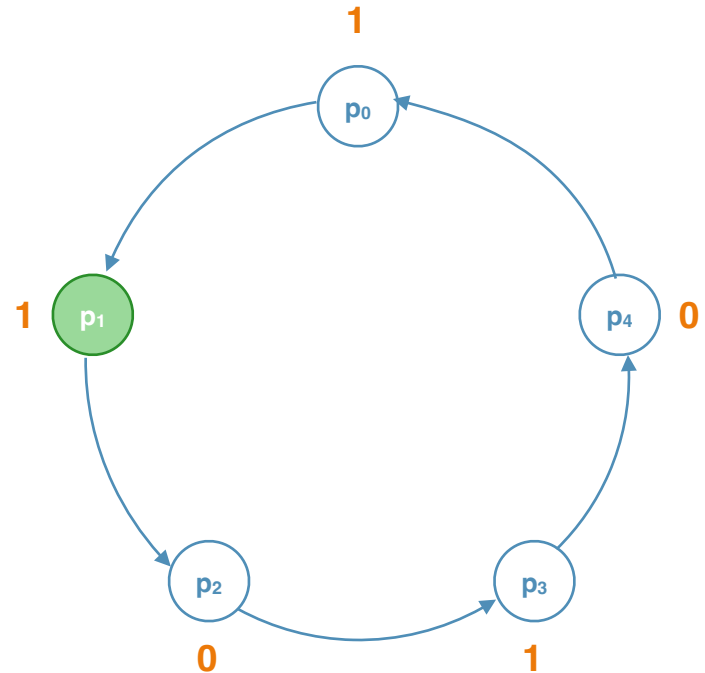


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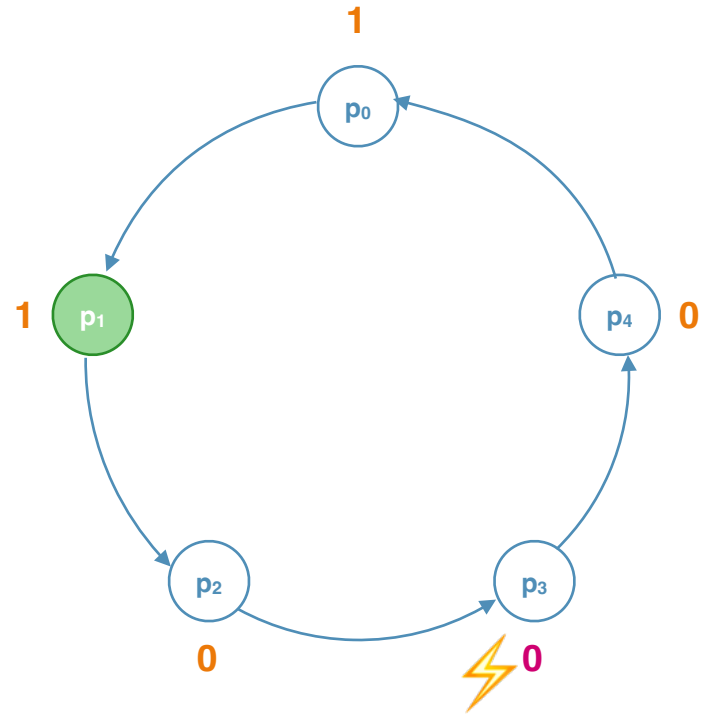


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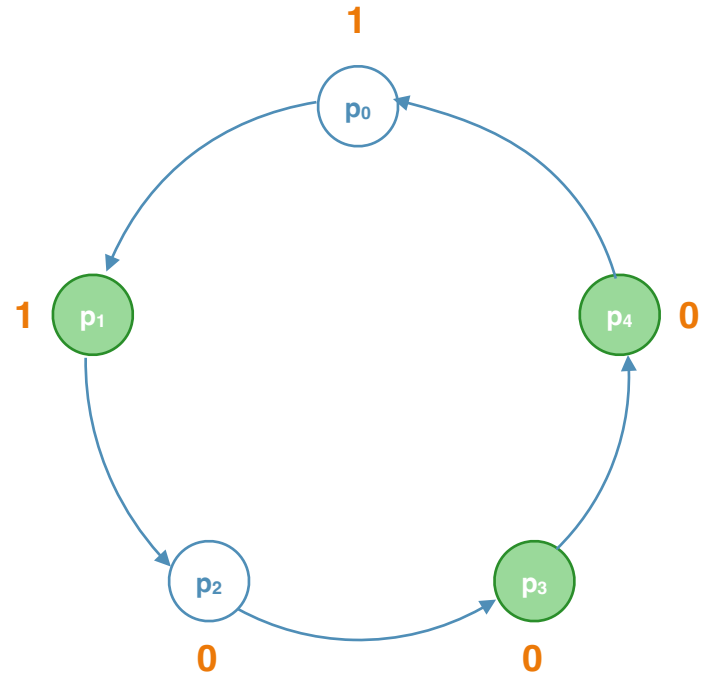


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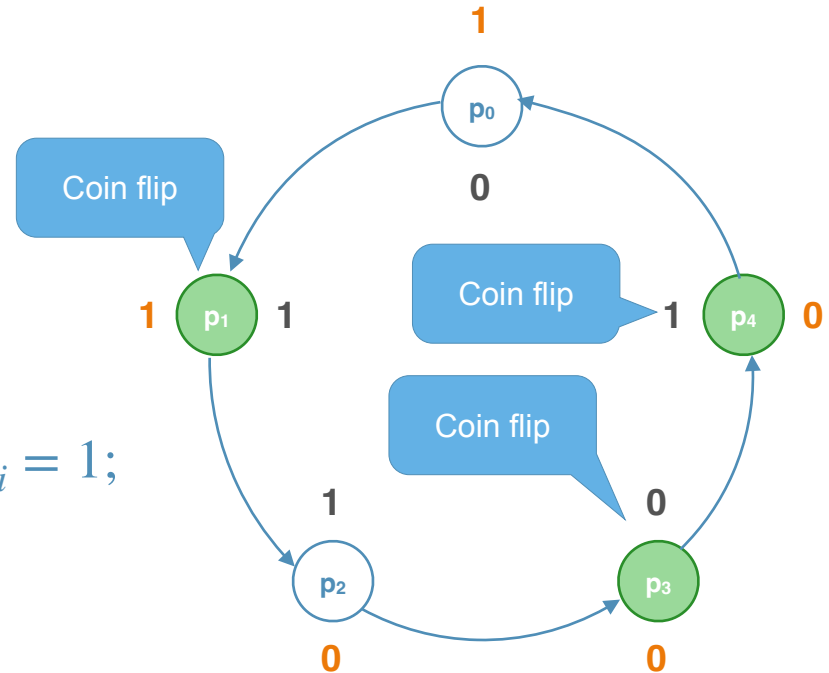


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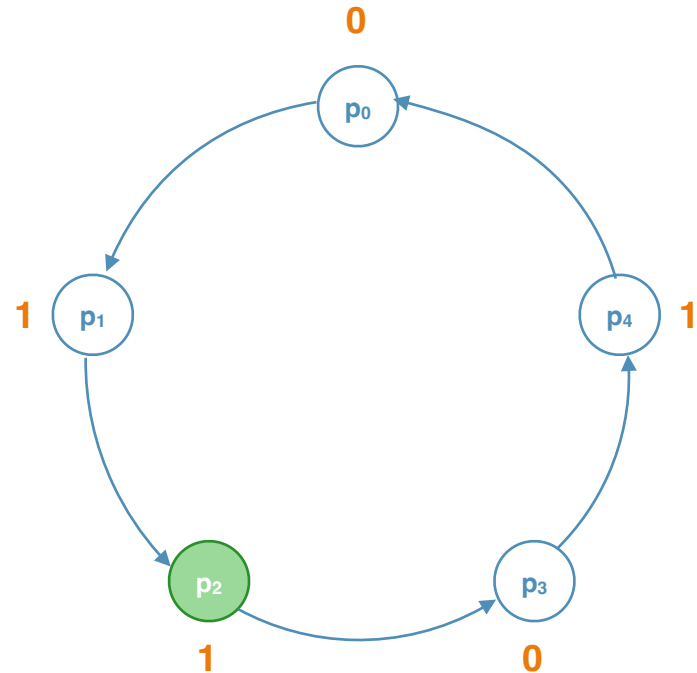


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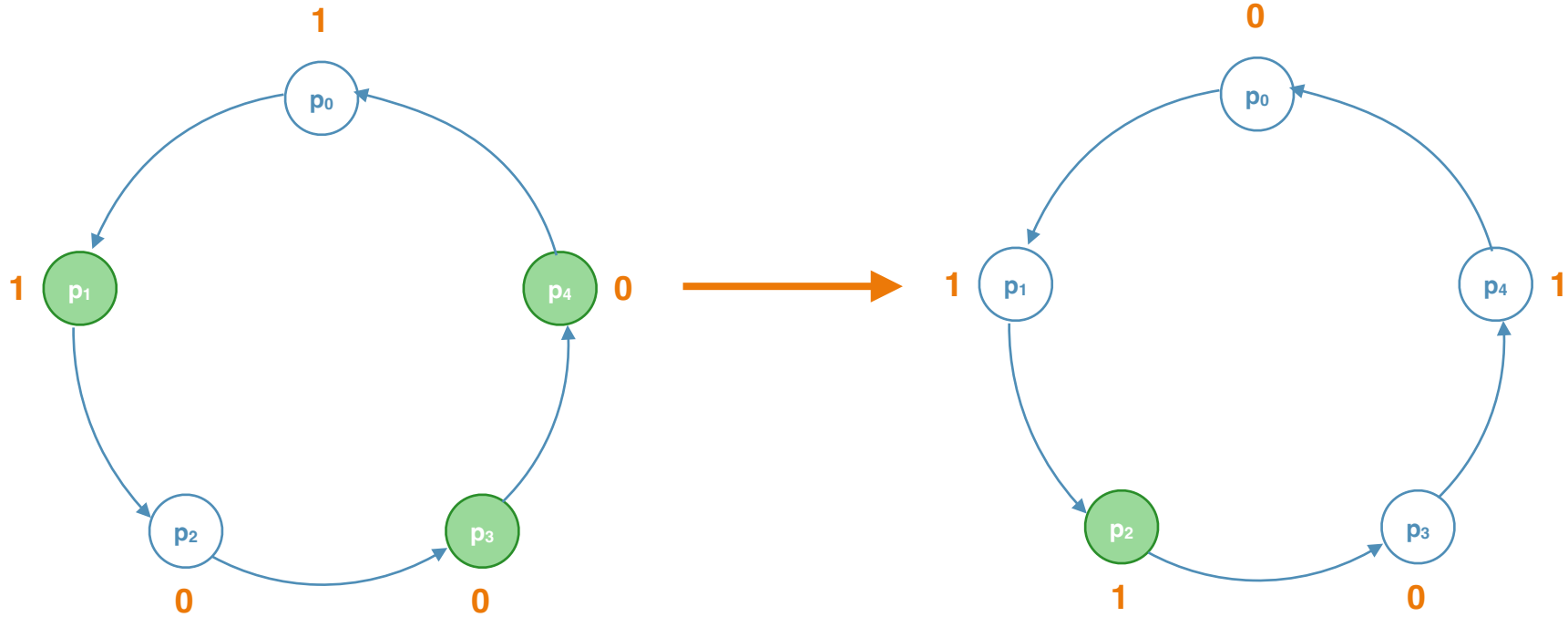
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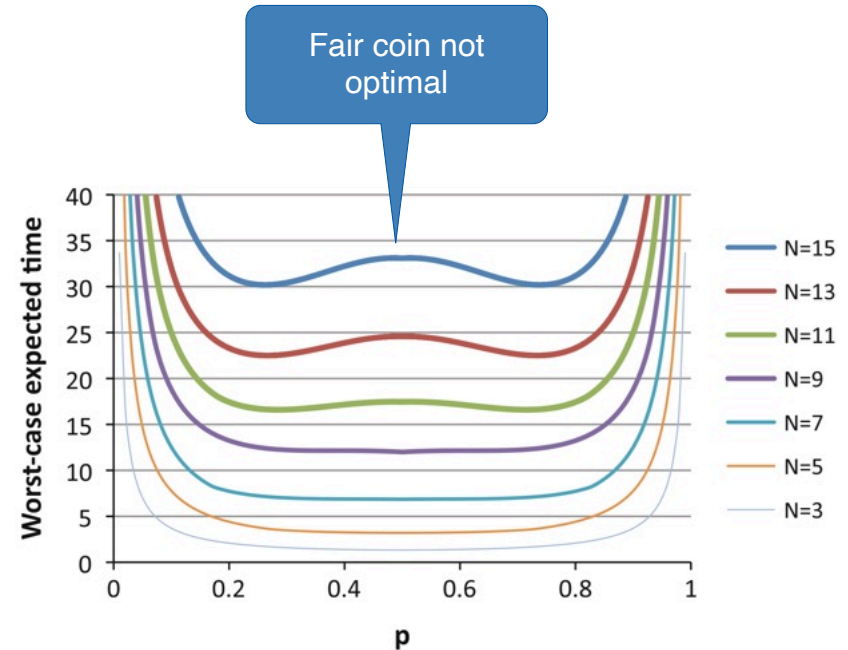


Recovery



Research questions

- How **fast** does the algorithm **recover**?
- worst-case recovery time for fair coin:
 - $4/27 \cdot N^2$ with **3 tokens** [McIver, Morgan, Inform. Proc. Lett. 2005]
 - proof by [Bruna et al., ICALP 2016]
- **average recovery time**
- How does the **bias of the coin influence** the recovery time?



[Kwiatkowska, Norman, Parker, Form. Asp. Comp. 2012]

Approach

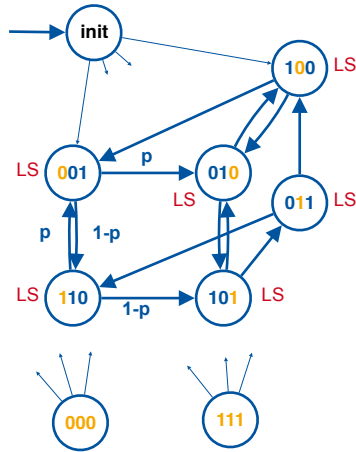
randomized
distributed
algorithm
(pDTMC)



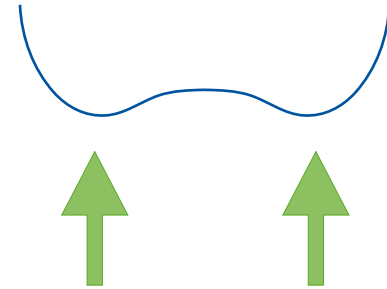
parameter
synthesis



optimal
coin bias



different approaches:
1. **exact solution function**
2. **approximation**



Solution function via state elimination

Recovery time for 9 processes (513 states)

```
(-1 * (66679200000p150+6029419284p2+(-48023212859)p3+303169269311p4+(-1591706649555)p5+7132430478302p6+(-27621831189630)p7+92568942443223p8+(-264909526201823)p9+619803167921730p10+(-1021619558785267)p11+207763047365818p12+6905522850360698p13+(-35269259178104861)p14+119132331068733574p15+(-315751948911924840)p16+666232844077176651p17+(-101466144726628817)p18+492352712301141739p19+3584715082080701590p20+(-1743627105127807643)p21+2152143258290153557618p22+(-120824372129707434362)p23+226699782739260495673p24+(-297706943349633909580)p25+13194468046684051521p26+795681352288241394885p27+(-3480177908687899647893)p28+98396357644362384212113p29+19930023667324720583790p30+34475174362403995631160p31+(-46135194272503394559034)p32+34031163244175383657844p33+47569457268509400718502p34+(-279603784340770466621477)p35+77137708239224789746258p36+(-165413109338683483583954)p37+291622620664687228802955p38+(-423202603248815507373171)p39+39454071179752877317137340p40+(-1508014981101474183611311)p41+(-9018662374159392226561034)p42+3314907907830175984804968p43+(-7789217385089921080465225)p44+147707022929047442377660193p45+(-237232771004639215921869694)p46+319247479124112285518407445p47+(-328506390597214254203120457)p48+146138625543858853590129435p49+404795416282777122374902252p50+(-1533955624834062606235975128)p51+33997589522664754268492230736p52+(-5947020812484846429612443266)p53+8641143606020243349150000649p54+(-10141788730000063411813409125)p55+80188893728499474039455165p56+126221310795463866811762725p57+(-2174858927333637213067671209)p58+56429118693701155309804758336p59+(-104498108547486979069837010240)p60+157833186367130301141642877394p61+(-19813549124848864495458409539)p62+197667837261876891872763551098p63+(-127945366724613905869838580104)p64+(-189810866130671411736333259918)p65+194658561557243997988388391108p66+(-24941999215332275166661238790)p67+(-101370218484520022756708475810)p68+1259576040524385366815119630741p69+(-3613462229688547248756620644867)p70+7223479879092115834347349224441p71+(-1280717703151243263990420283564)p72+1338541155981172476779562006623p73+(-887263344189491274681179339228)p74+(-9265624261122034067982678340492)p75+49095720731894898995772693558450p76+(-11574215553121343634764583141671)p77+203856696154201331198253860214052p78+(-2805048651598643750720063933671)p79+292098498846861986252552962862676p80+(-10126174849202921441584226372563)p81+(-480302482467014180469850923368687)p82+1713763305401551699173868557725008p83+(-390288301776387480098492057480874)p84+7332513522182466645728505678392560p85+(-12165046794673884994180789930485479)p86+18289692329882983959120920326132113p87+(-25206789166074944733201139632169466)p88+3179532683155836857700101498734785p89+(-36331221380870522802508044563500103)p90+36499930547215679923281378704666004p91+(-29634964750562340741997135802134564)p92+13143543770757495518331149822141860p93+14929916540375781901734973949012813p94+(-552804121966118170404177408723588)p95+1068452247500357036781815932008612011p96+(-16651974720900963447307773838701970)p97+2299441474815842364147439227125969350p98+(-28908050247161936609542726140553041469)p99+33918113778392404325443302398803064p100+(-373929767178486905110666526631269792)p101+11389493542531258084420904565982867197p102+(-38462183018557932617767674331633702)p103+360814265329688608180859343432705250p104+(-321923566476303834373416964658169561)p105+505-273312795360938328906296405148760565p106+(-22079916937139646214821798390380021)p107+16965183505063059521431961324918405p108+(-12386368586828614730497398992628223)p109+85812032895370091106288381182571122p110+(-5630206337414987489887606553740792)p111+34891519966735107276708850758681211p112+(-20350135126132905137016213055095920)p113+11114659707241836993234463740710020p114+(-5644142521902274544456196161215389)p115+2636213257602626181335853239912277p116+(-112071629639348257355442224155807)p117+1410867280033761312416140162884528p118+(-12331710627210237243501821292014)p119+23242131303048076971231766550641p120+2897270317252492364427408513316p121+(-5286712927118235615348398829569)p122+2758160986963617704790492155886p123+(-70869731956626143047452331303)p124+(-182076646433466979844816657452)p125+368526856242442146091303316684p126+(-2905263216327159030841267623)p127+1271721305834149573967022988536654p128+(-86074170144485315481082841899)p129+37885785183378230264928652347p130+(-1497758495225272303930809145)p131+5374066615418642232204220917p132+(-1759731947580416312917560295)p133+527206031659682802634485418p134+(-14459797858519866313454020)p135+3627263460737744999802112p136+(-8304560110679941200630486)p137+172541194356667714668489p138+(-3261899288833277052786000)p139+55388092206101232051285p140+(-8405824580483131751130)p141+1129644075959437501530p142+(-1328529694981513050000)p143+13468870582378093125p144+(-1153467509991930000)p145+81161068525110000p146+(-450577311660000)p147+185078835900000p148+500094000000p149+544388567p150+27367011))
```

Solution function via state elimination

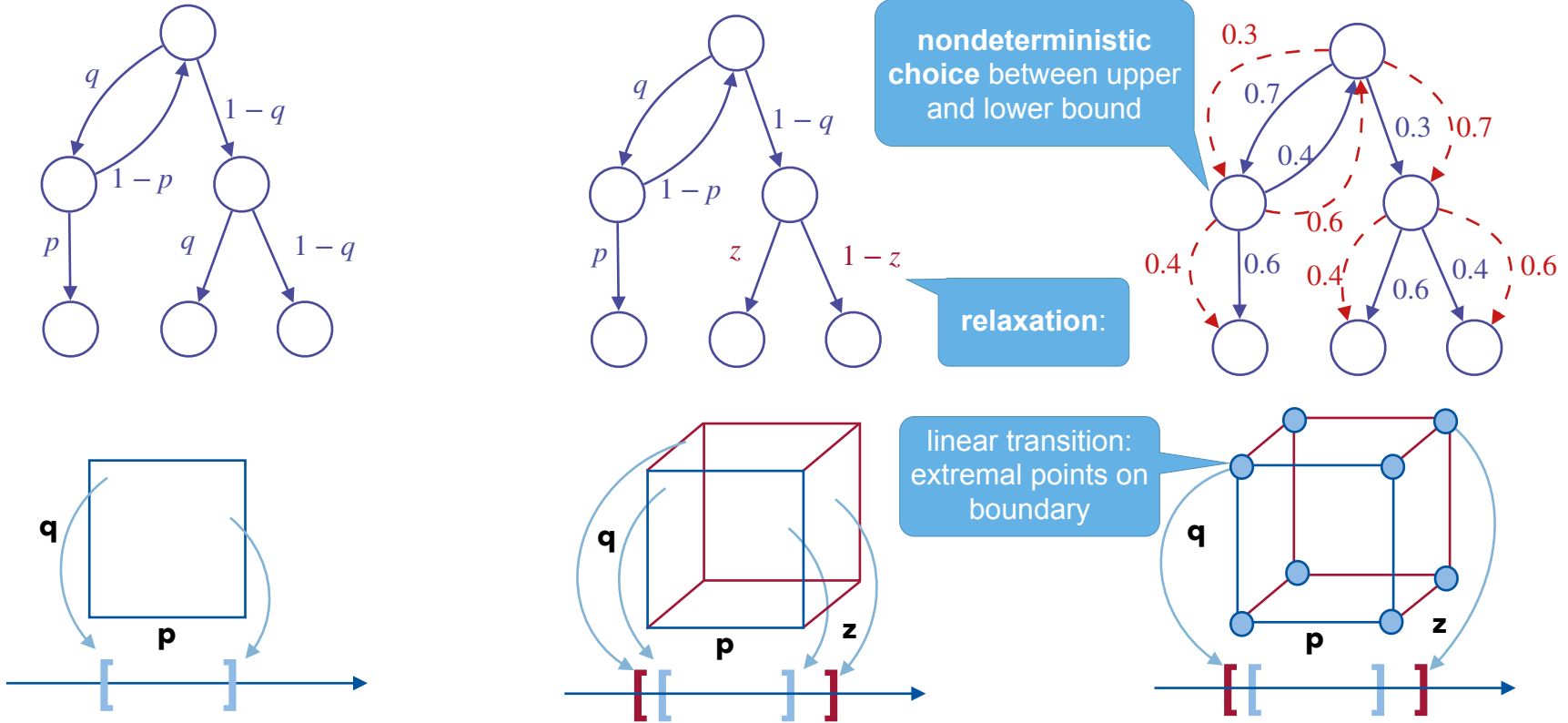
Recovery time for 9 processes (513 states)

```
(-1 * (6667920000*p150+6029419284*p2+(-48023212859)*p3+303169269311*p4+(-1591706649555)*p5+7132430478302*p6+(-27621831189630)*p7+925688942443223*p8+(-264909526201823)*p9+619803167921730*p10+
(-1021619558785267)*p11+207763047365818*p12+6905522850360698*p13+(-35269259178104861)*p14+119132331068733574*p15+(-315751948911924840)*p16+666232844077176651*p17+
(-101466144726628817)*p18+492352712301114739*p19+3584715082080701590*p20+(-1743627105127806647)*p21+52143258290153557618*p22+(-120824372129707434362)*p23+226699782396260495673*p24+
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(-450577311660000)*p147+185078835900000*p148+5000940000000*p149+(-544388567)*p150+27367011/
(768 * ((p+(-1)*p+1) * (3*p6+19*p2+(-23)*p3+19*p4+(-9)*p5+10)*p20+(-40)*p22+91*p3+(-99)*p4+(-140)*p5+919*p6+(-2449)*p7+4775*p8+(-8313)*p9+14741*p10+(-26199)*p11+41813*p12+(-55321)*p13+58533*p14+
(-48608)*p15+31066616*(-14805)*p17+497070*p18+(-1050)*p19+11*(-6) * (105*p36+531*p2+(-138)*p1+(-1890)*p35+16209*p34+(-88128)*p33+340911*p32+(-997992)*p31+2294992*p30+(-4244892)*p29+6405978*p28+(-7935824)*p27+8040708*p26+
(-653076)*p25+406236*p24+(-1491192)*p23+(-192160)*p22+823736*p21+(-72264)*p20+374038*p19+(-99515)*p18+(-28929)*p17+17429*p16+(-88756)*p15+97710*p14+(-91384)*p13+66413*p12+(-32086)*p11+3796*p10+8899*p9+
(-7957)*p8+1986*p7+2316*p6+(-3362)*p5+2542*p4+(-1360)*p3+319) * (7875*p6+(-3994)*p2+(-50890)*p4+723*p3+(-336625)*p85+7041975*p84+(-94281075)*p83+912296340*p82+(-6785831280)*p81+40254843740*p80+(-19477448950)*p79+77996208074*p78+
(-2570432003126)*p77+6939579335863*p76+(-14680414368238)*p75+21067532992446*p74+(-4549324218607)*p73+(-87116069123937)*p72+329977280006443*p71+(-740801107503090)*p70+1039499180835883*p69+(-213300202885163)*p68+
(-402355380967423)*p67+1556080225194341176661*(-39536082410664394)*p65+80919232846166193*p64+(-142157578819262348)*p63+220718226204346765*p62+(-307843693676318247)*p61+389614615458508805*p60+
(-450416428300641227)*p59+47763502788507700158*(-465645981677885387)*p57+417423160453701120*p56+(-342252463463671045)*p55+257134665530188855*p54+(-17290307877657035)*p53+1025853851844786*p52+
(-4727654964329749)*p51+11977172556978726*p50+7314673356136844*p49+(-14907030698472545)*p48+1529488603331345*p47+(-12192473693347075)*p46+8139429301167013*p45+(-4542717910224291)*p44+1951742066380323*p43+
(-38985948393595)*p42+(-3663699050950)*p41+600424218157499*p40+(-557349986025491)*p39+407951675709205*p38+(-2603400535612776)*p37+127636958947078*p36+(-4899372345366)*p35+7097983540773*p34+10218938969419*p33+
(-13919256450287)*p32+11645218379663)*p31+(-7782538161356)*p30+3455434919560*p29+(-1988327204514)*p28+629387241600*p27+6984125674*p26+(-216766317215)*p25+221331742177*p24+(-155558377353)*p23+86257799832*p22+
(-37224316263)*p21+(-10236248500)*p20+1074922110*p19+(-3856419115)*p18+3201296469*p17+(-1831837959)*p16+786522594*p15+(-228070785)*p14+10084624*p13+40190471*p12+(-32764517)*p11+16739491*p10+(-6226727)*p9+1549929*p8+(-75708)*p7+
(-174547)*p6+119545*p5+16245*p4+(-91)))
```

Solution:
Approximate optimal value

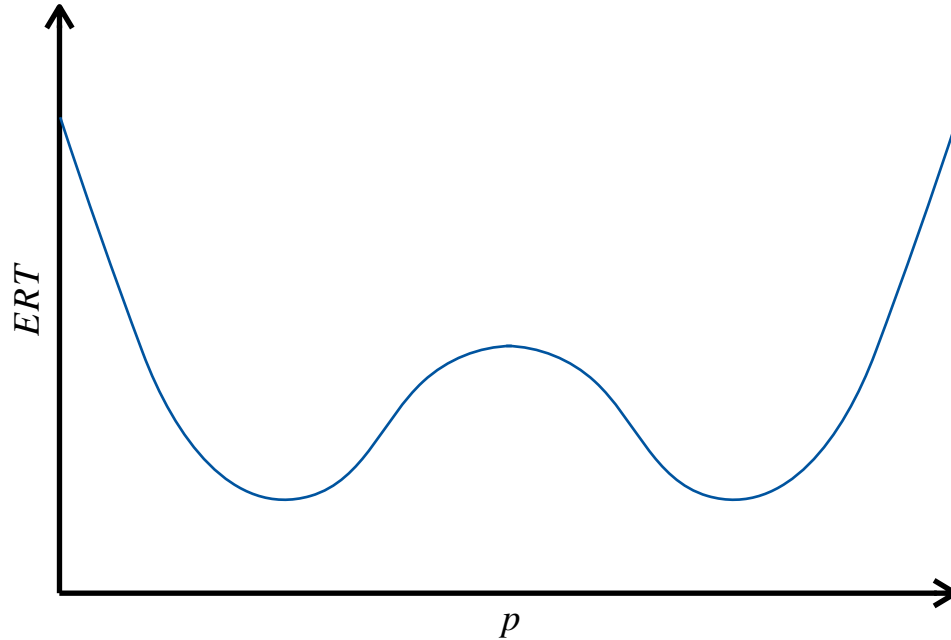
Parameter Lifting Algorithm

[Quatmann et al., 2016]



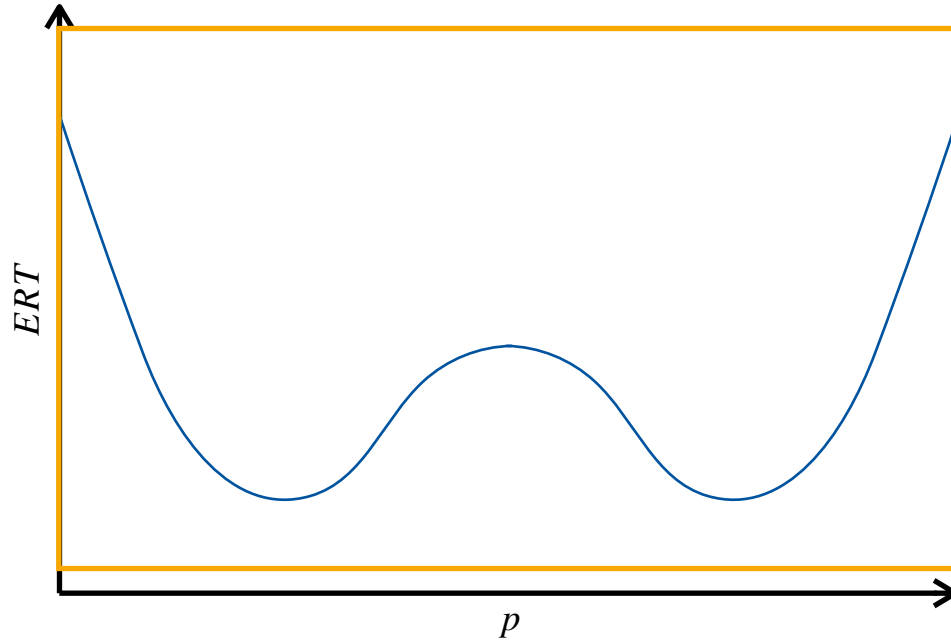
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



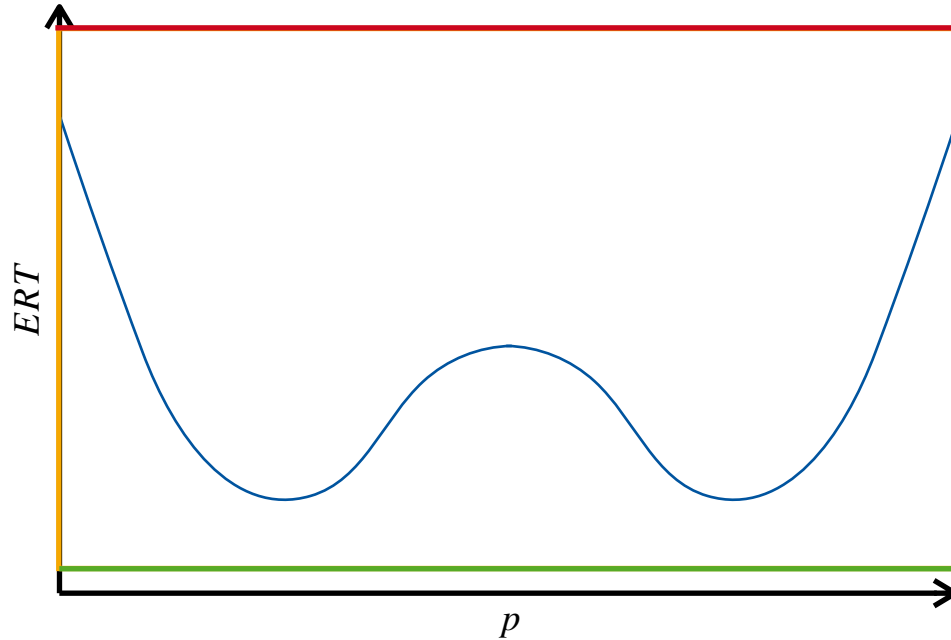
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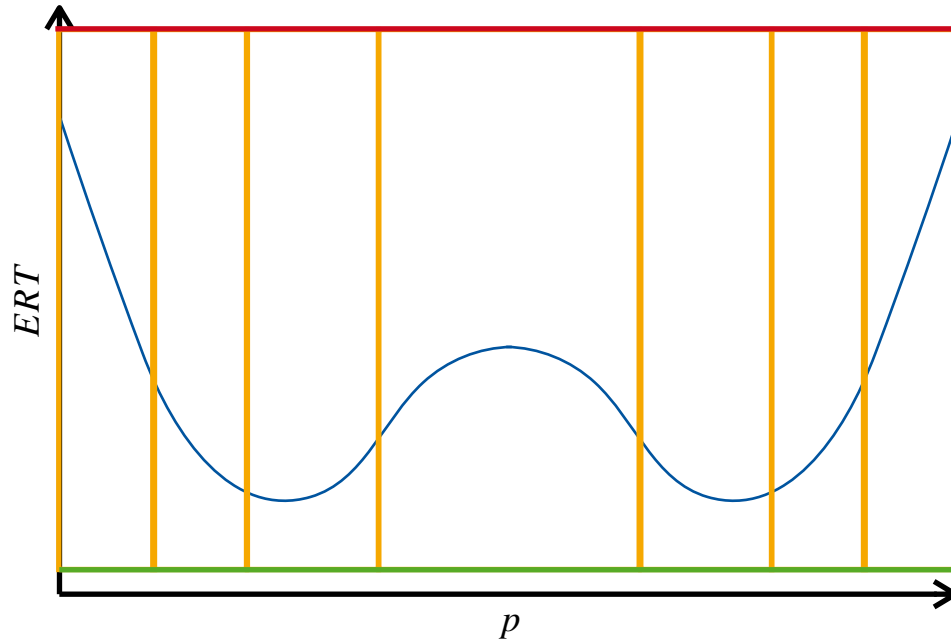
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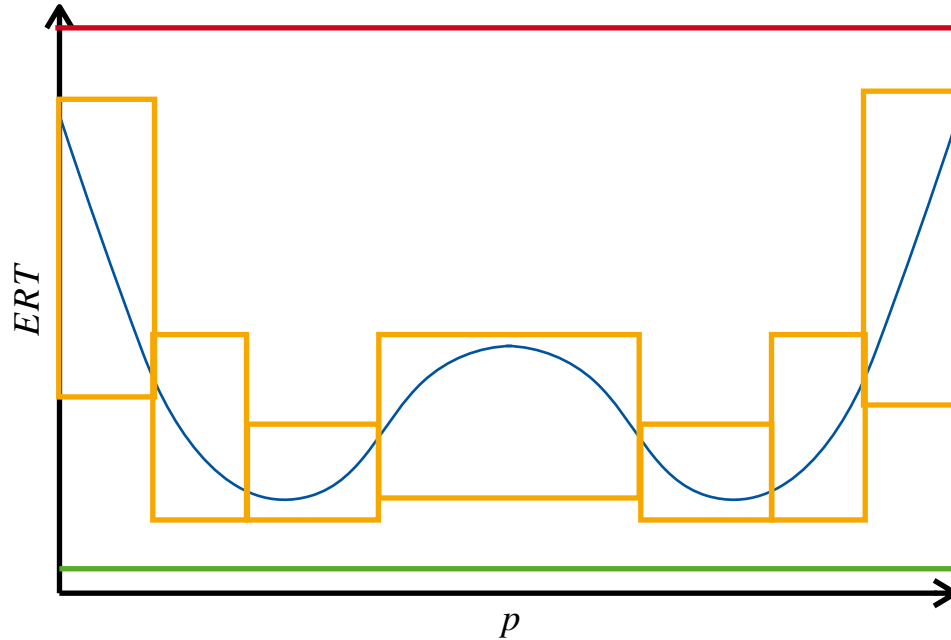
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



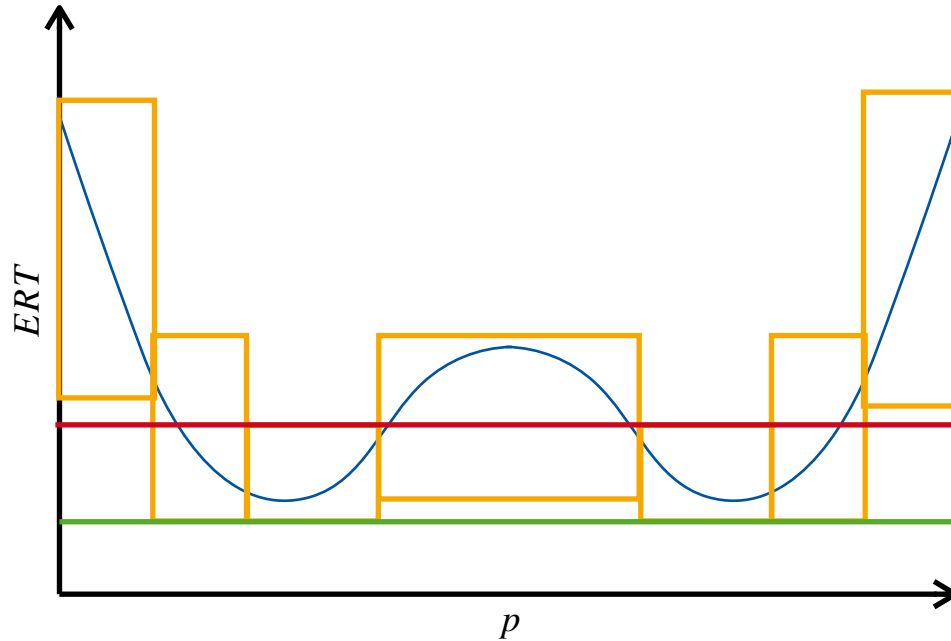
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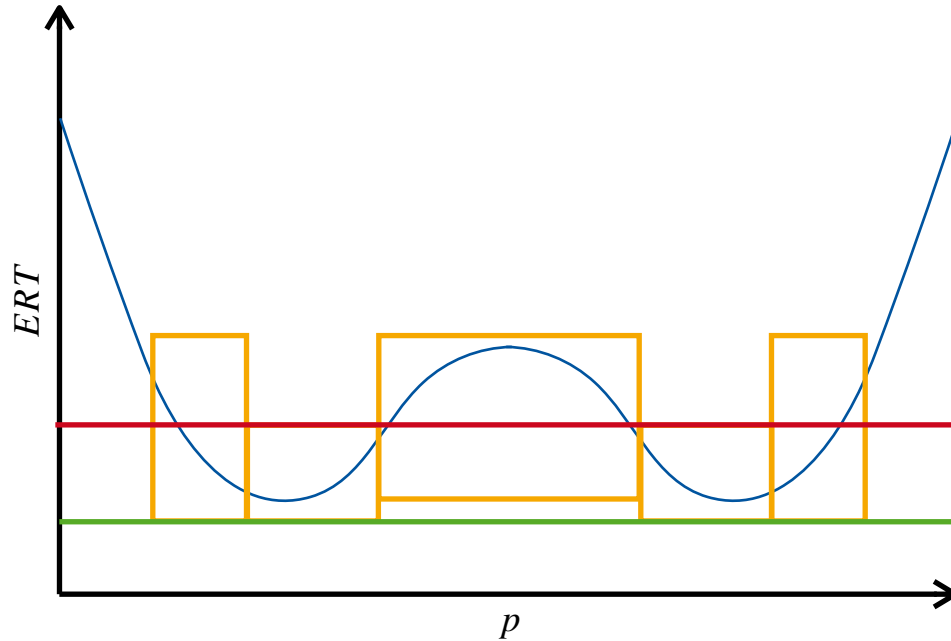
Parameter synthesis via PLA

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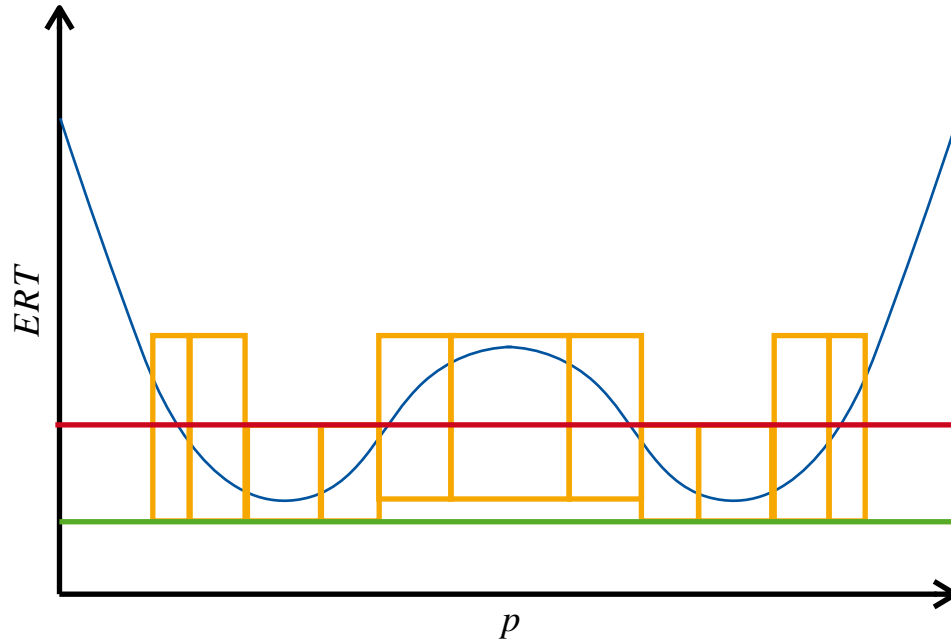
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



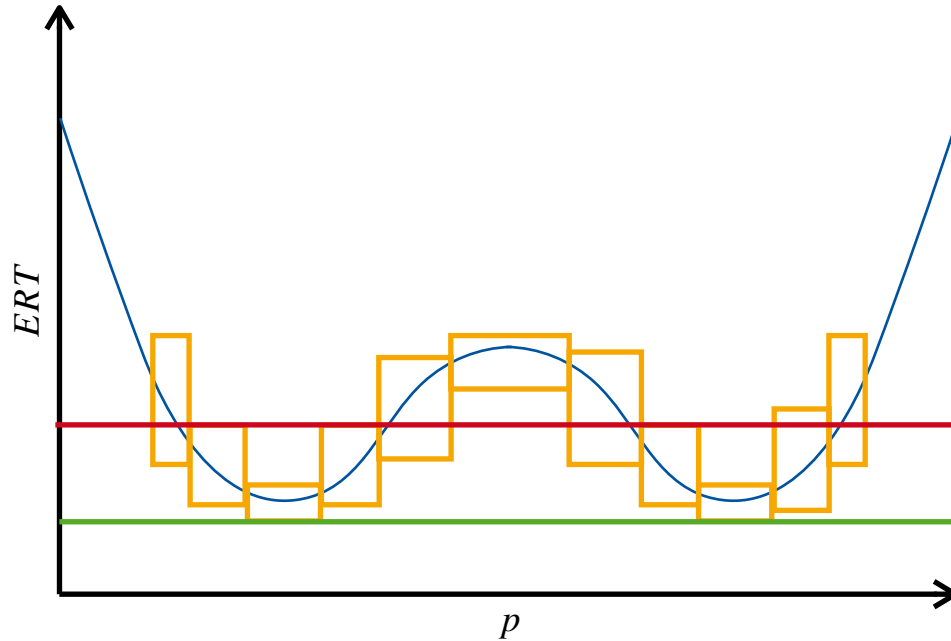
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



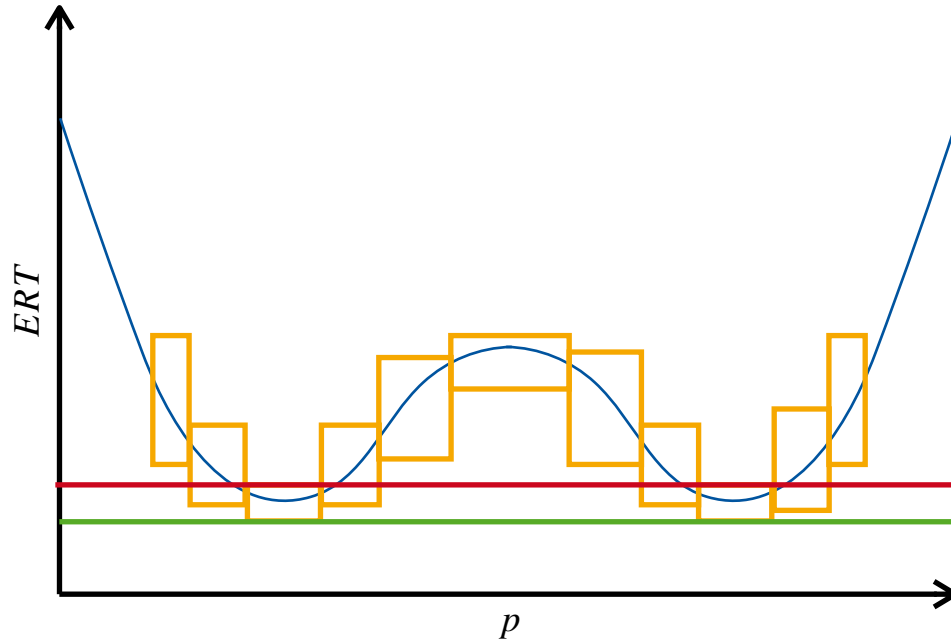
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



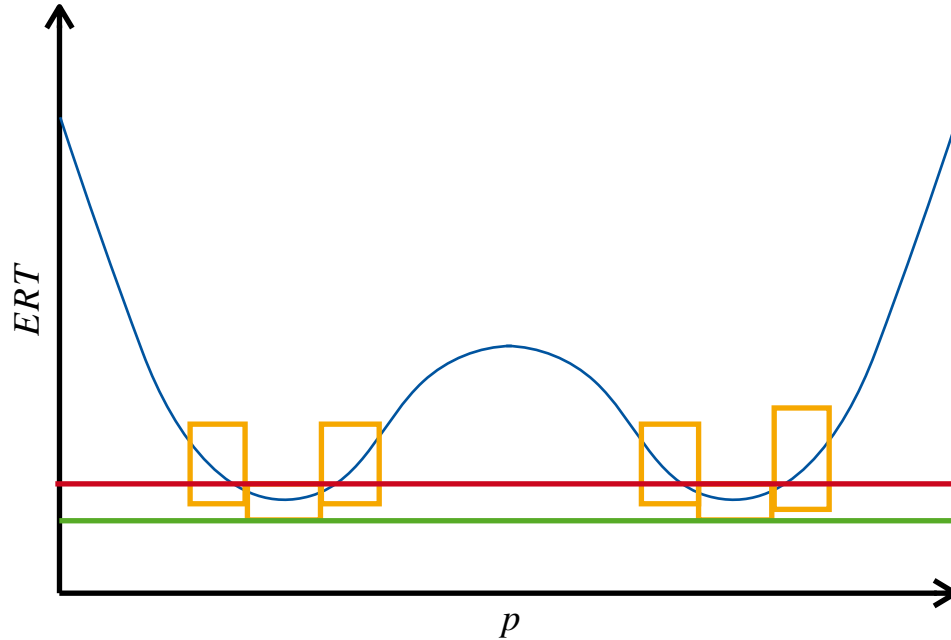
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



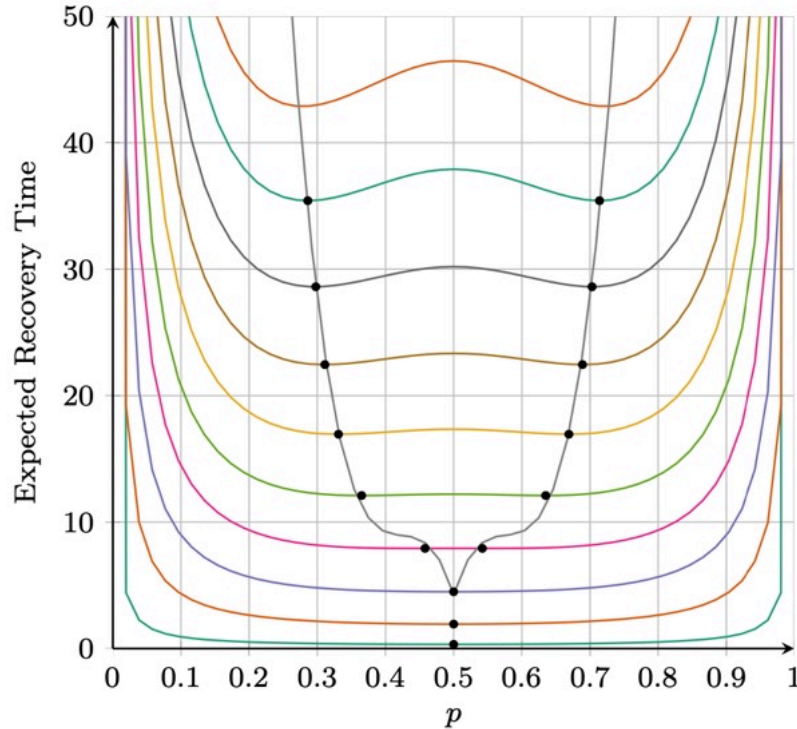
Parameter synthesis via PLA

- use [Parameter Lifting Algorithm](#)
- iteratively [refine](#) and [tighten regions](#) containing optimal parameter values



Optimal bias for Herman's Protocol

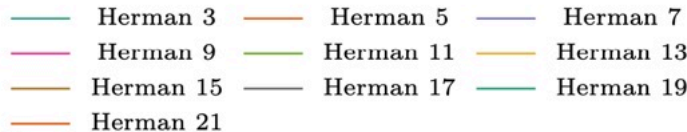
[Distributed Comput., 2022]



the bias of the coin should increase for increasing number of processes

19 processes:

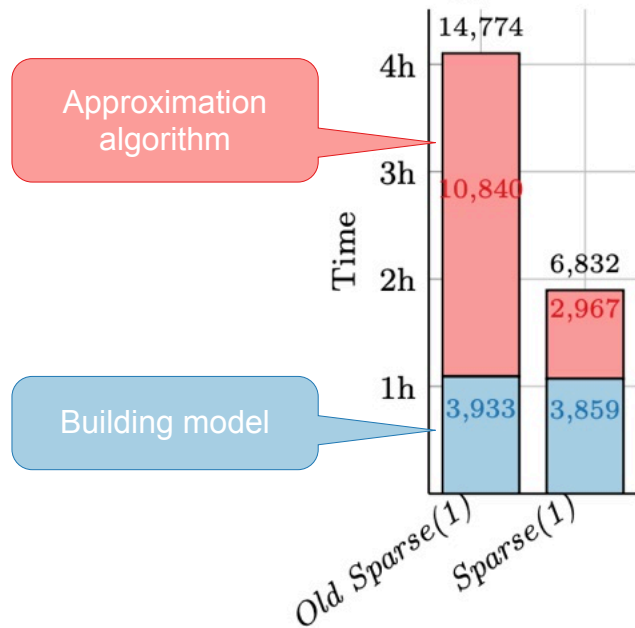
- states: $2^{19} = 524,288$
- transitions: > 1 billion
- time: 135 min
- optimal recovery time guaranteed in $[35.406, 35.416]$ for optimal bias in $[0.279, 0.292]$ and $[0.708, 0.721]$



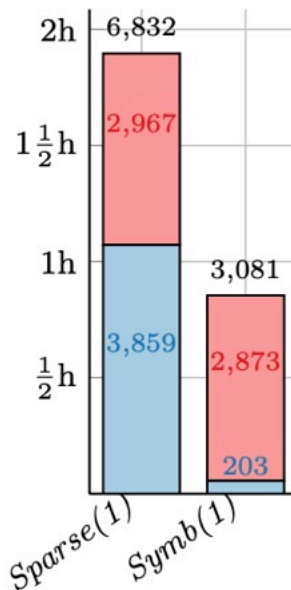
Optimized algorithms and tooling

[Distributed Comput., 2022]

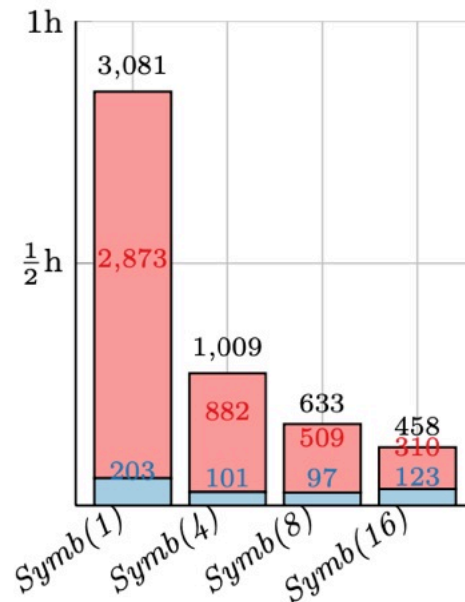
17 processes



(a) Algorithm



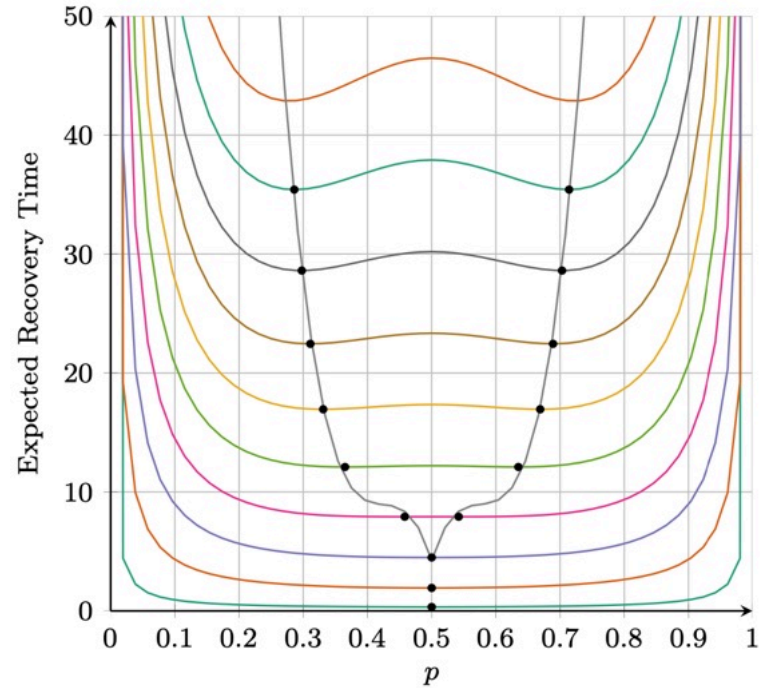
(b) Model Repres.



(c) Parallelization

Take-home message

- parameter synthesis allows to obtain optimal parameters for randomized algorithms
- efficient algorithms and tooling tailored to use case can achieve good scalability



Uncertainty in continuous-time Markov chains

so far: **discrete**-time model

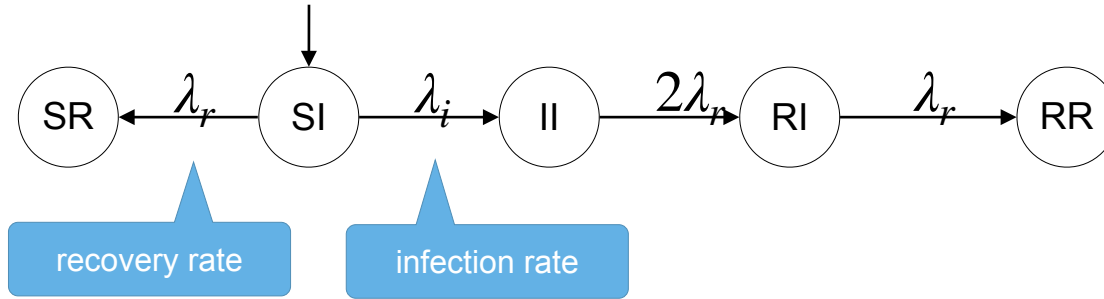
how to incorporate time?

→ **continuous**-time model

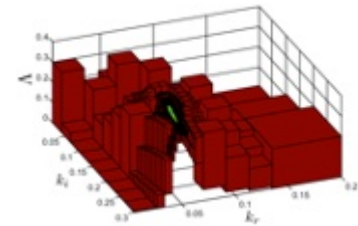
Joint work with Thom Badings, Nils Jansen,
Sebastian Junges and Marielle Stoelinga

Uncertain parametric CTMCs

- Parametric Continuous-time Markov chain (pCTMC):



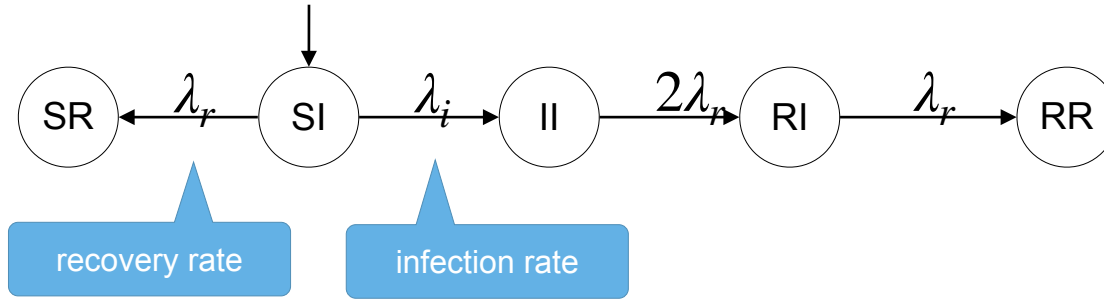
- Apply parameter synthesis?
 - conservative: find **all parameter valuations** which satisfy measure
 - limited to **few parameters**



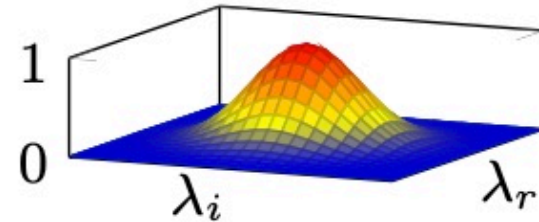
[Češka et al., 2017]

Uncertain parametric CTMCs

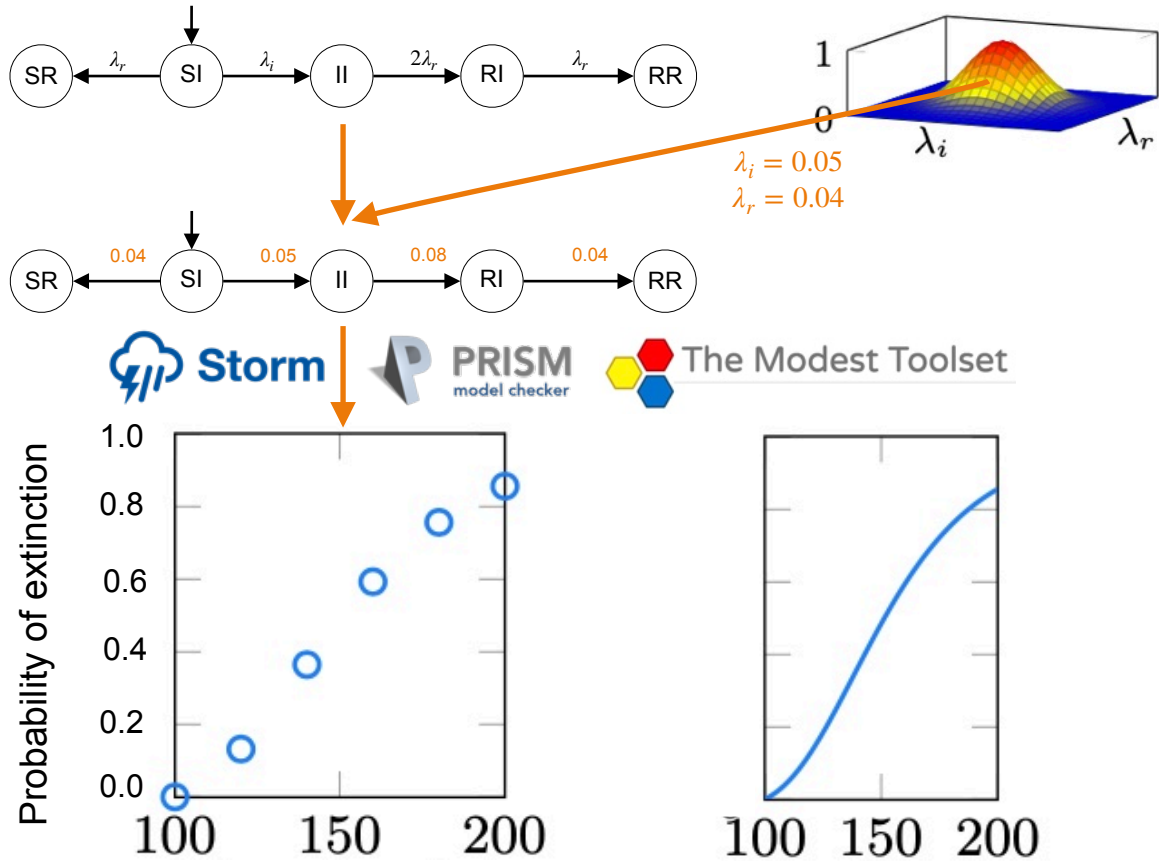
- Parametric Continuous-time Markov chain (pCTMC):



- Uncertain pCTMC (upCTMC):
 - pCTMC + probability distribution over parameter space
 - get rates from observations (historical data, experts, ...)
 - only sampling access needed, no assumption on distribution

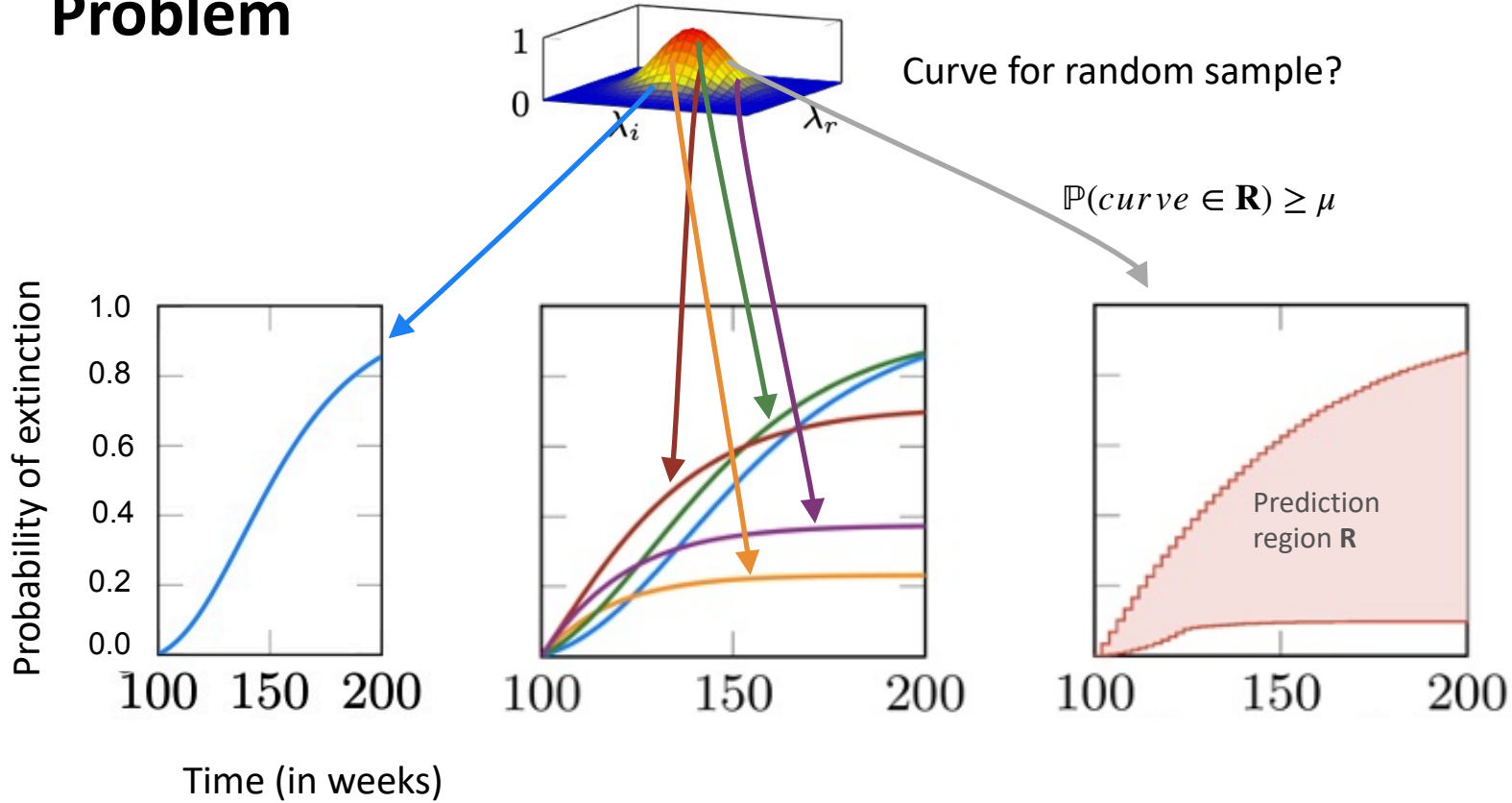


Problem

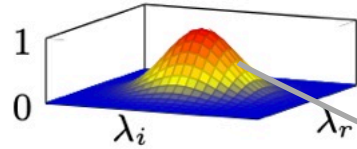


What is the probability that the disease becomes extinct within X weeks?

Problem



Problem



Curve for random sample?

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{curve} \in \mathbf{R}) \geq \mu$$

Given:

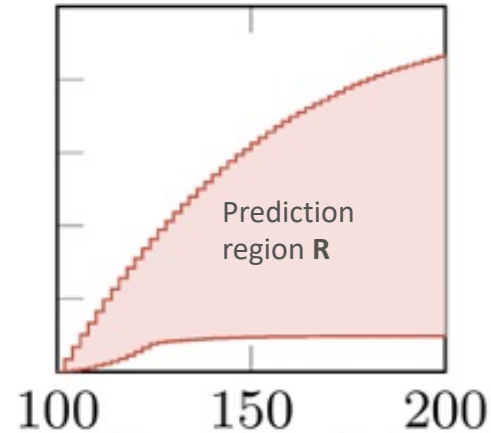
- a **pCTMC**
- a **probability distribution** over parameters
- a **set of measures** Φ

Find:

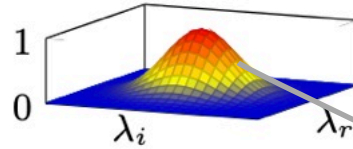
1. (tight) **prediction region** \mathbf{R}
2. (tight) **lower bound** μ on **containment probability**

such that:

$\mathbb{P}(\text{curve} \in \mathbf{R}) \geq \mu$ holds with (user-specified)
confidence level of at least β



Problem



Curve for random sample?

$$\mathbb{P}(\text{curve} \in \mathbf{R}) \geq \mu$$

Given:

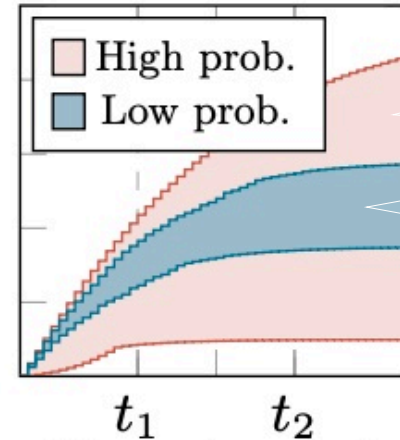
- a **pCTMC**
- a **probability distribution** over parameters
- a **set of measures** Φ

Find:

1. (tight) **prediction region** \mathbf{R}
2. (tight) **lower bound** μ on **containment probability**

such that:

$\mathbb{P}(\text{curve} \in \mathbf{R}) \geq \mu$ holds with (user-specified)
confidence level of at least β

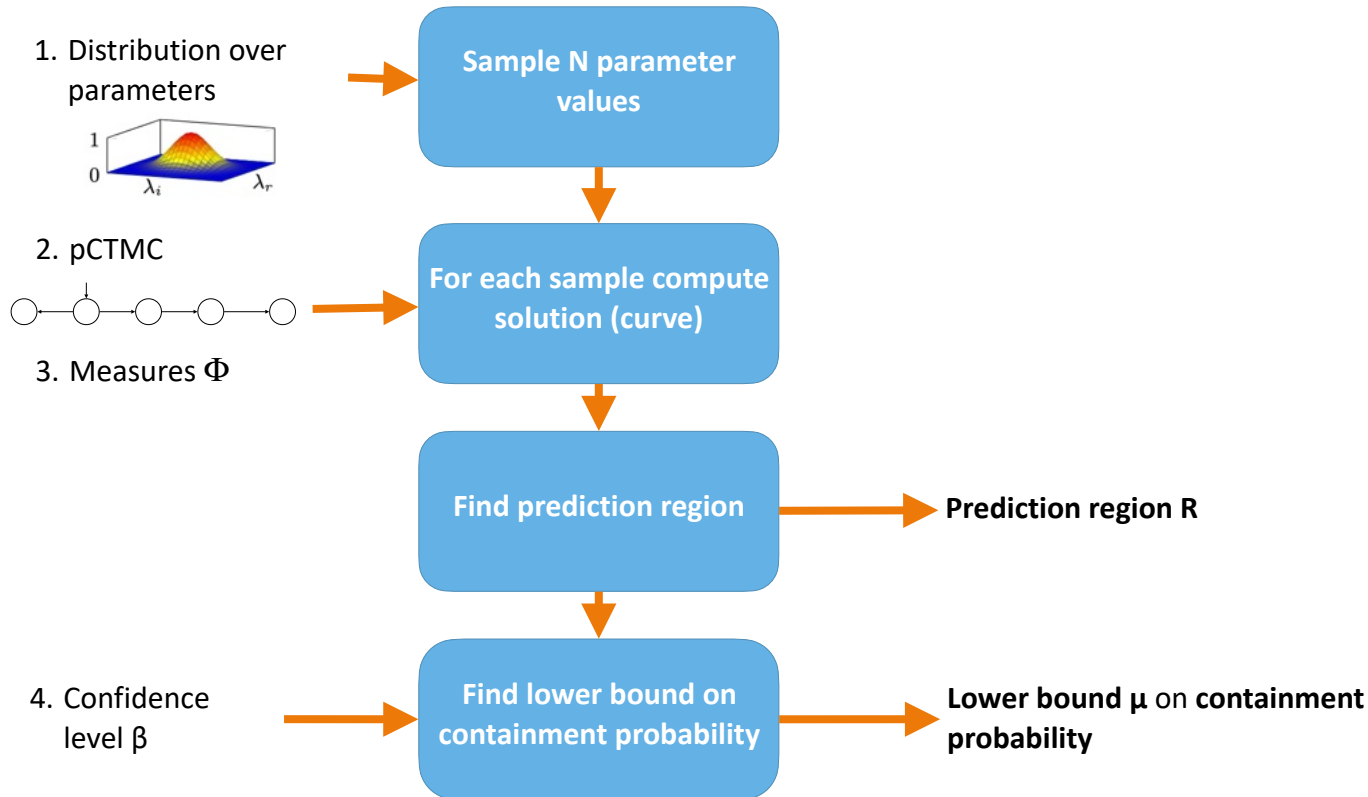


containment probability is 79.4%
(with **confidence** of 99%)

containment probability is 7.5%
(with **confidence** of 99%)

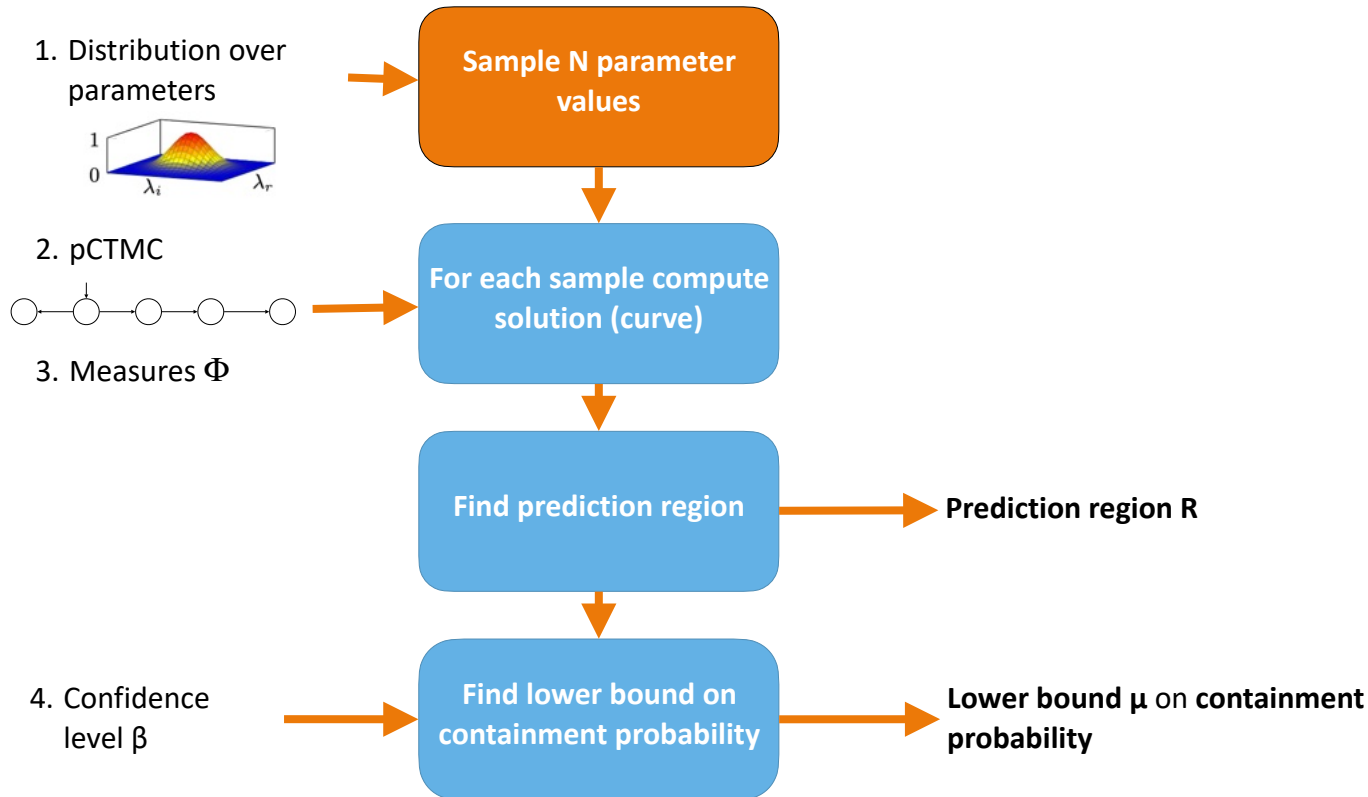
Slurf Approach

[CAV, 2022]



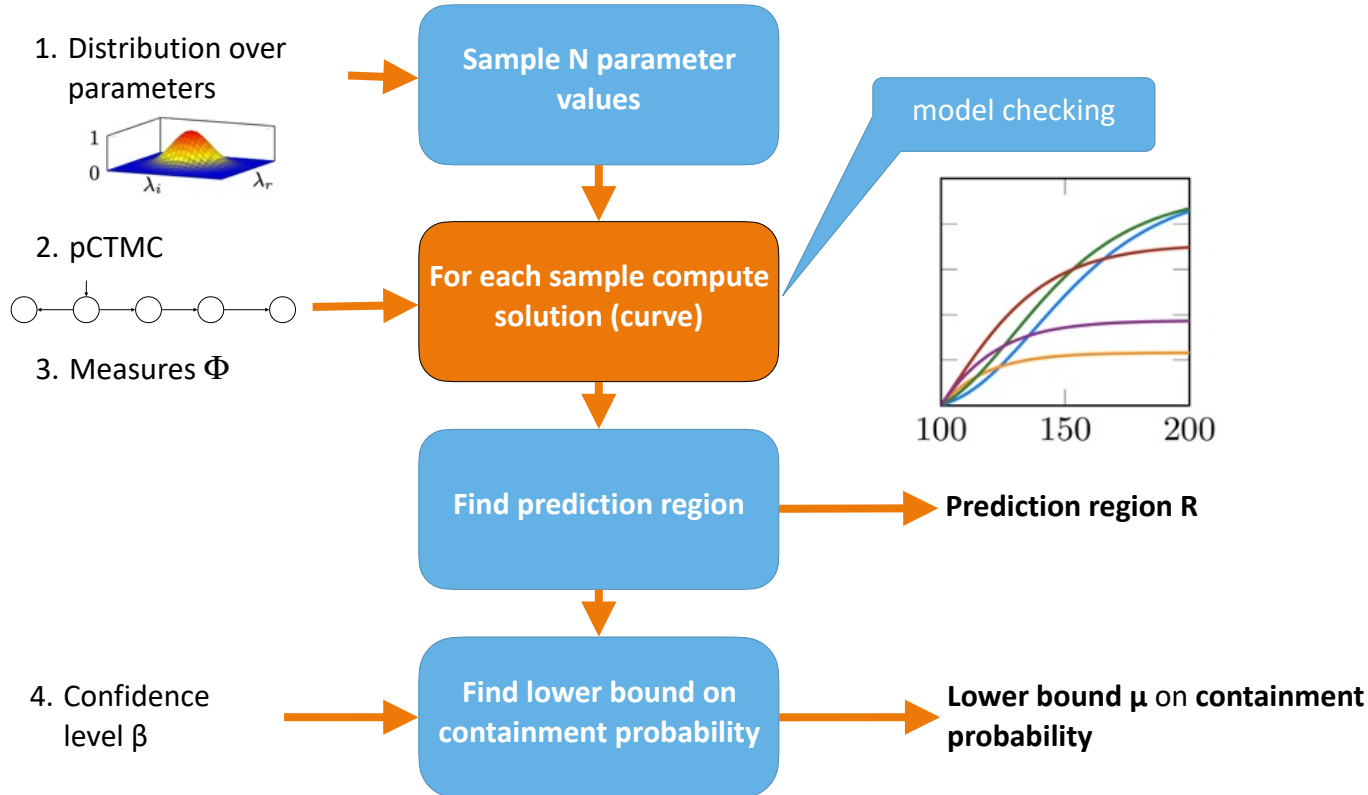
Slurf Approach

[CAV, 2022]



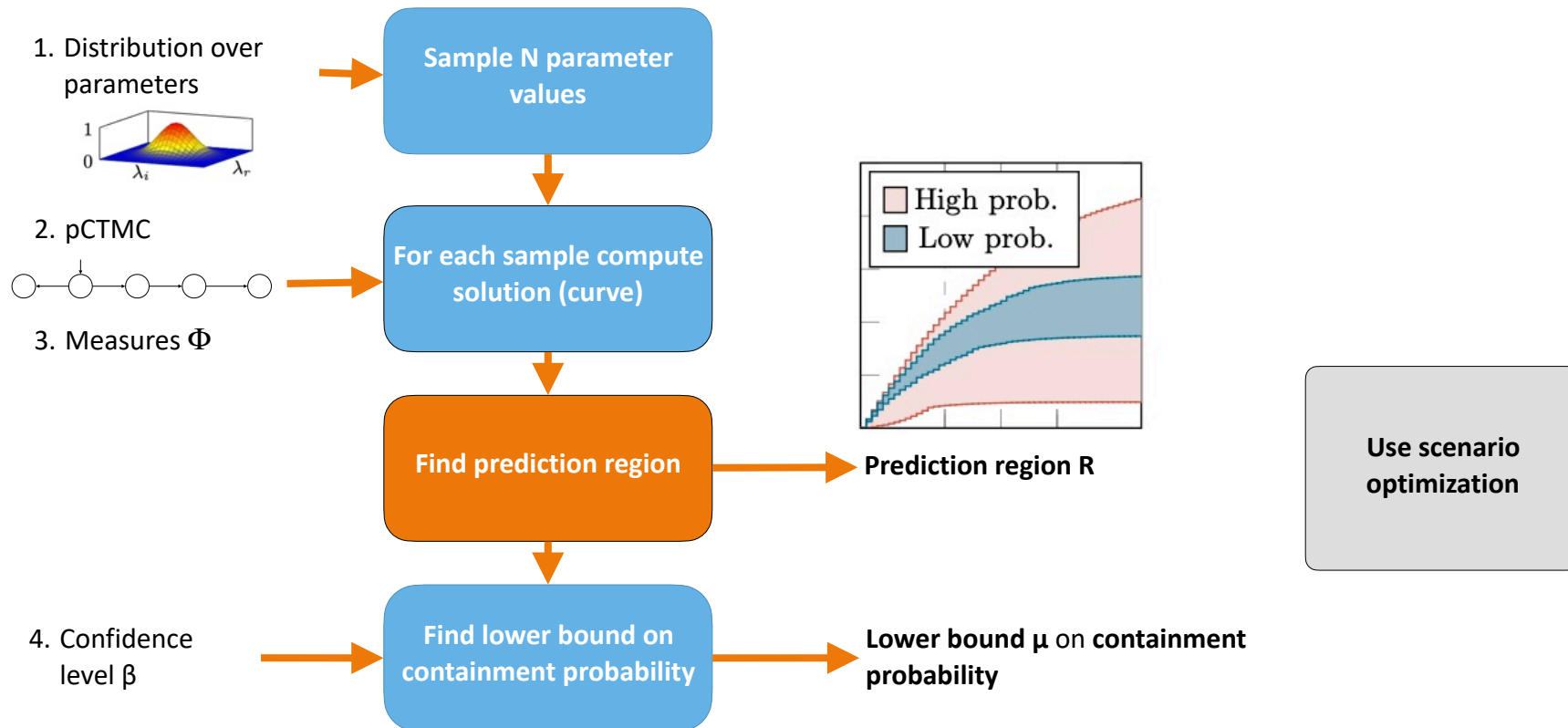
Slurf Approach

[CAV, 2022]



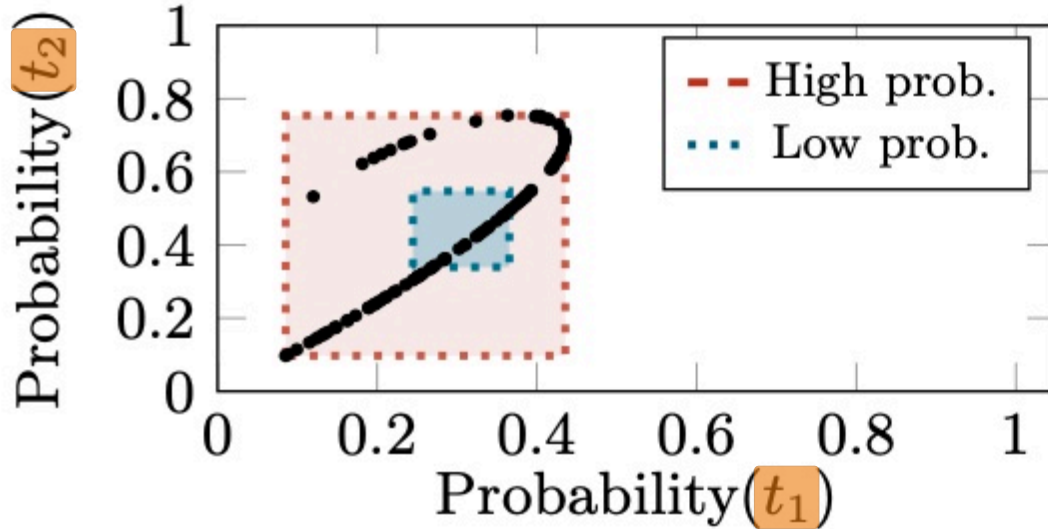
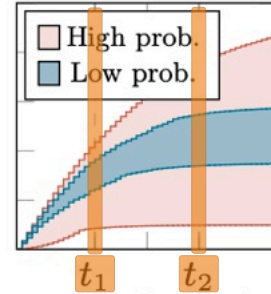
Slurf Approach

[CAV, 2022]



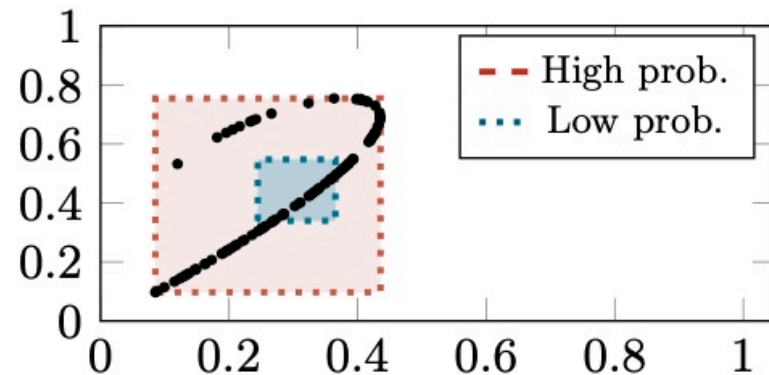
A Change of perspective

- Time bounds are multiple measures Φ
- Sample points in $\mathbb{R}^{|\Phi|}$



Scenario optimization

- Two goals:
 1. Minimize size of region R
 2. Minimize distance of sample points to R
 - sample points within R have distance 0
 - otherwise use Manhattan distance
- Encode as convex optimization problem



size of R

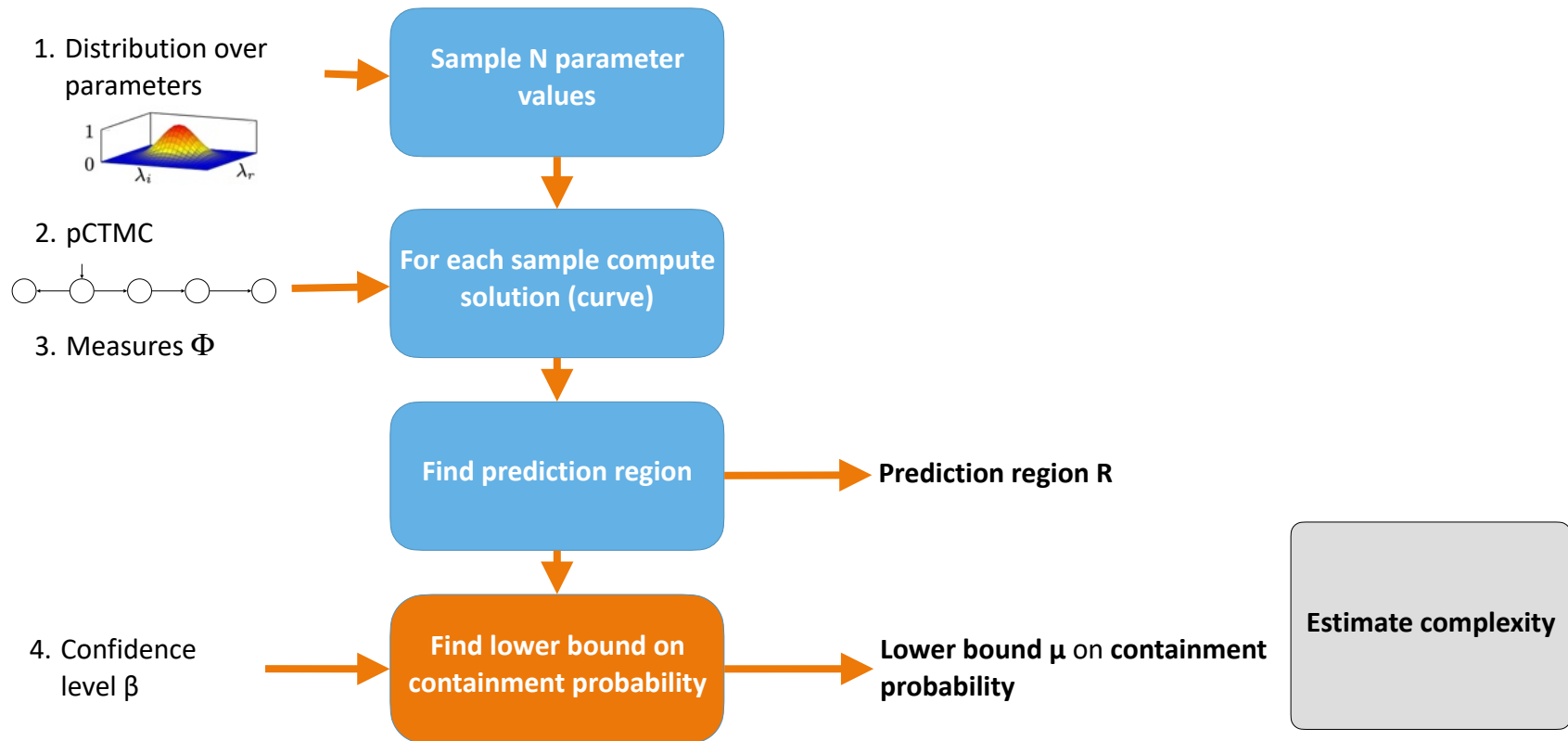
cost of relaxation

distance to R

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{U}}^{\rho} : \text{minimize } \|\bar{x} - \underline{x}\|_1 + \rho \sum_{i=1}^n \|\xi_i\|_1$$
$$\text{subject to } \underline{x} - \xi_i \leq \text{sol}(u_i) \leq \bar{x} + \xi_i \quad \forall i = 1, \dots, n.$$

Slurf Approach

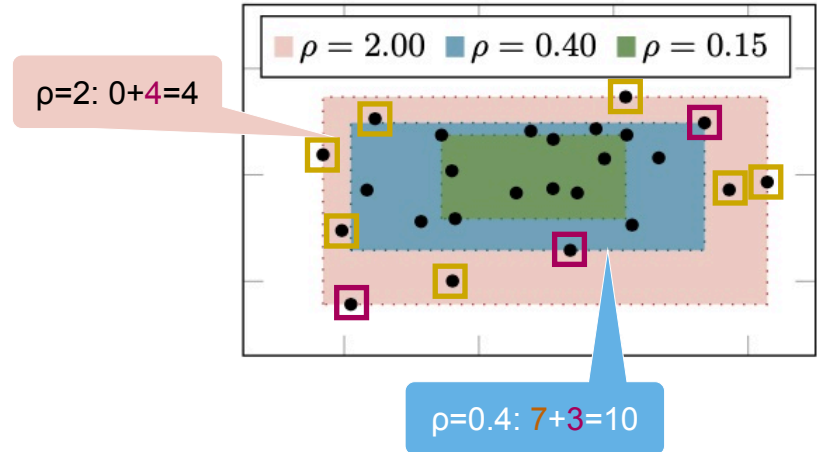
[CAV, 2022]



Complexity

- Complexity of a region:
 - Number of sample points not in R
 - + Number of samples needed on boundary of R to keep solution unchanged

Complexities depending on ρ



Lower bound

- Use complexity c of region to estimate lower bound on containment probability

Prediction
region

lower bound for
containment
probability

confidence
level

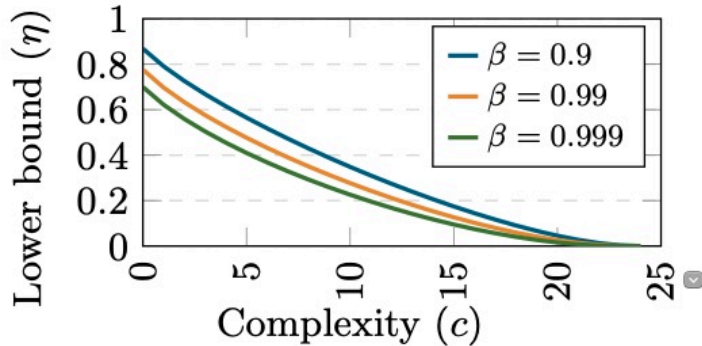
$$\mathbb{P}^n \{ \text{contain}(R) \geq \eta(c) \} \geq \beta$$

$\eta(c)$ is smallest (positive real-valued) solution to following polynomial inequality in variable t

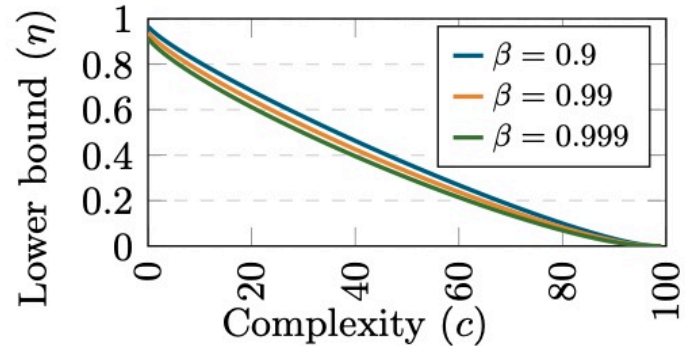
$$\binom{n}{c} t^{n-c} - \frac{1-\beta}{2n} \sum_{i=c}^{n-1} \binom{i}{c} t^{i-c} - \frac{1-\beta}{6n} \sum_{i=n+1}^{4n} \binom{i}{c} t^{i-c} = 0.$$

Lower bound

- Use complexity c of region to estimate lower bound on containment probability



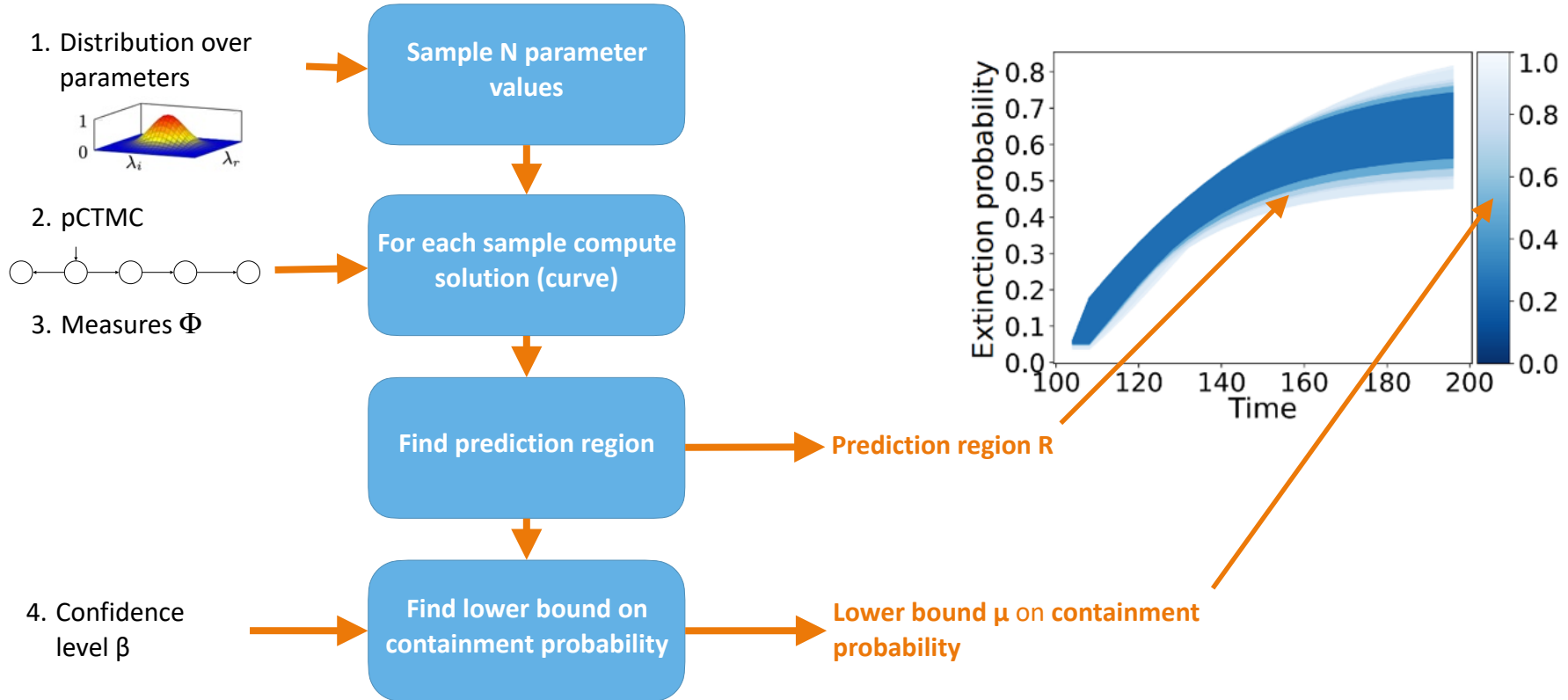
(a) Number of samples $n = 25$.



(b) Number of samples $n = 100$.

Slurf Approach

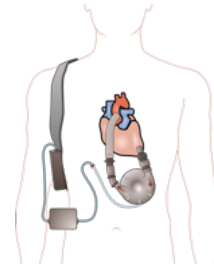
[CAV, 2022]



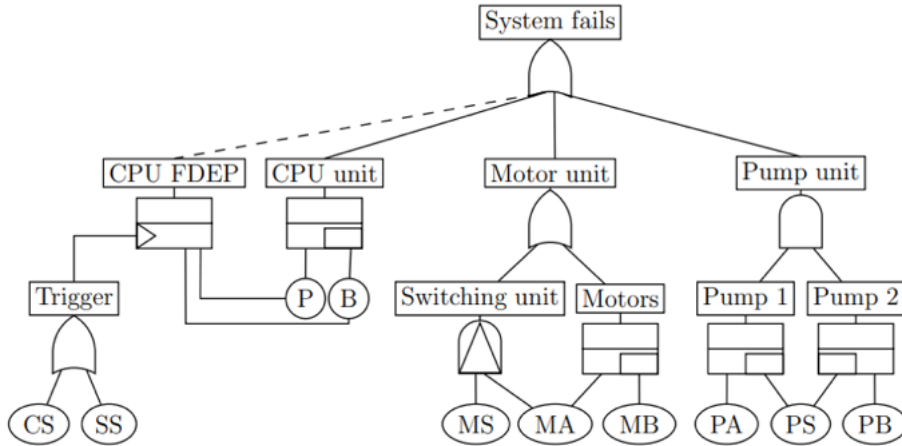
Example

[CAV, 2022]

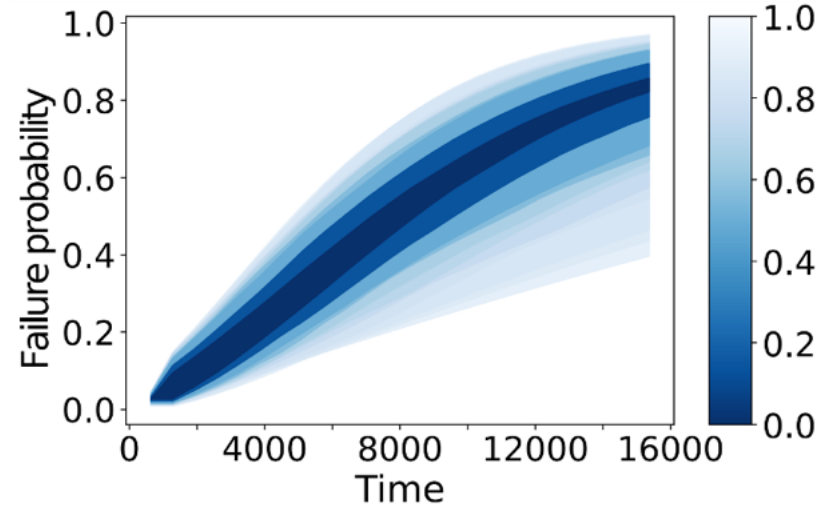
- dynamic fault tree for cardiac assist system
- failures rates assumed normally distributed



200 samples

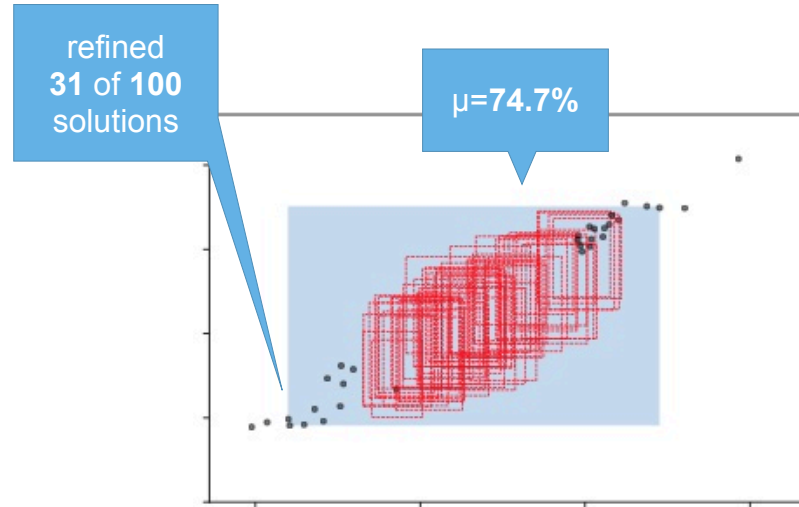
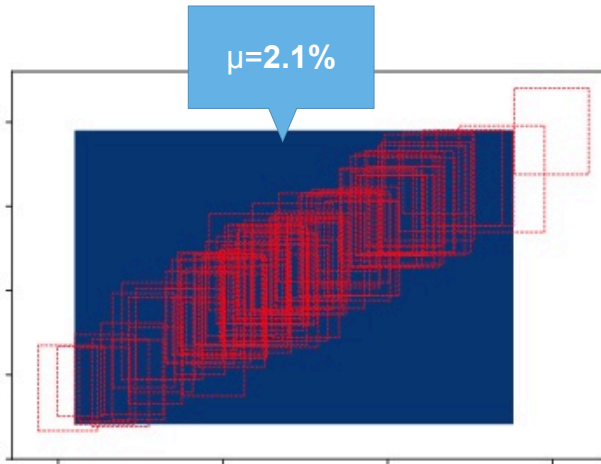


[Arnold et al., 2013]



Imprecise sampling

- Imprecise (approximate) samples:
 - faster to compute
 - give upper and lower bounds
- need to refine all imprecise sample points on the boundary



Evaluation

single threaded, 3.7Ghz, 64GB RAM

computing sample points
more expensive than
scenario optimization

benchmark	$ \Phi $	Model size			Storm run time [s]		Scen.opt. time [s]	
		#pars	#states	#trans	Init.	Sample ($\times 100$)	$N = 100$	$N = 200$
SIR (140)	26	2	9 996	19 716	0.29	2947.29	18.26	63.27
SIR (140) ^a	26	2	9 996	19 716	0.29	544.27	25.11	129.66
Kanban (3)	4	13	58 400	446 400	4.42	46.95	2.28	6.69
Kanban (5)	4	13	2 546 432	24 460 016	253.39	4363.63	2.03	5.94
polling (9)	2	2	6 912	36 864	0.64	22.92	2.13	6.66
buffer	2	6	5 632	21 968	0.48	20.70	1.21	4.15
tandem (31)	2	5	2 016	6 819	0.11	862.41	5.19	24.30
rbc	40	6	2 269	12 930	0.01	1.40	5.27	16.88
rc (1,1)	25	21	8 401	49 446	27.20	74.90	5.75	20.34
rc (1,1) ^a	25	21	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.02	2.35	29.23	150.61
rc (2,2) ^a	25	29	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.03	27.77	24.86	132.63
hecs (1,1) ^a	25	5	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.02	9.83	26.78	145.77
hecs (2,2) ^a	25	24	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.02	194.25	33.06	184.32

Evaluation

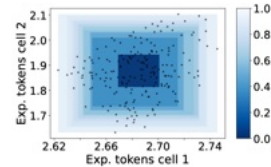
single threaded, 3.7Ghz, 64GB RAM

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rbc	40	6	2 269	12 930	0.01	1.40	5.27	16.88
rc (1,1)	25	21	8 401	49 446	27.20	74.90	5.75	20.34
rc (1,1) ^a	25	21	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.02	2.35	29.23	150.61
rc (2,2) ^a	25	29	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.03	27.77	24.86	132.63
hecs (1,1) ^a	25	5	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.02	9.83	26.78	145.77
hecs (2,2) ^a	25	24	n/a ^b	n/a ^b	0.02	194.25	33.06	184.32

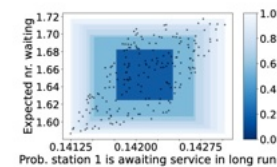
approximate model checker significantly faster

Take-home message

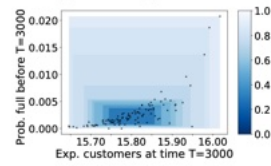
- **SLURF** is a scenario-optimization approach for parametric CTMCs with probability distribution over parameters
- High-confidence results can be given based on a few hundred sample points



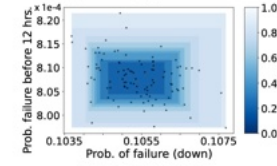
(a) Kanban (3), $n = 200$.



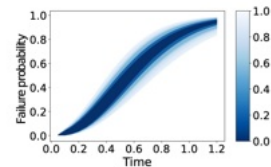
(b) Polling (9), $n = 200$.



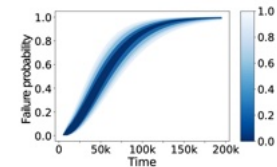
(c) Tandem (15), $n = 100$.



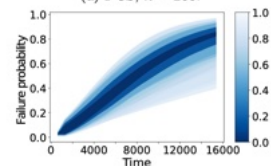
(d) Embedded (64), $n = 100$.



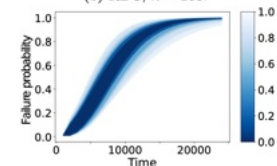
(a) PCS, $n = 200$.



(b) RBC, $n = 200$.



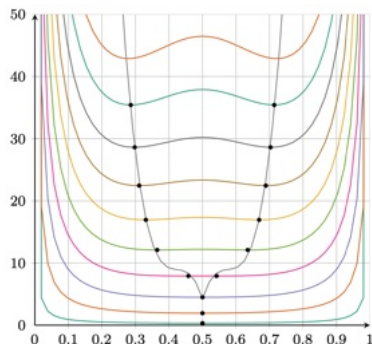
(c) DCAS, $n = 200$.



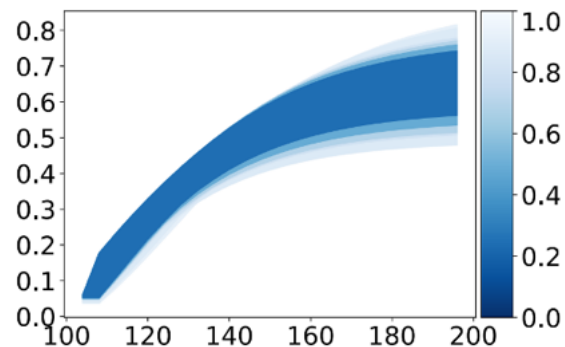
(d) HECS, $n = 200$.

Conclusion

- parametric Markov chains allow for modeling uncertainty
- analysis finds exact/approximative all/one/optimal valuations




- probability distribution over parameters yields confidence regions for pCTMCs



More Information

- **Literature:**

Junges, Abraham, Hensel, Jansen, Katoen, Quatmann, Volk:
„Parameter synthesis for Markov models:
covering the parameter space”

- Probabilistic model checking tool  **Storm**

<https://www.stormchecker.org>

- Contact: m.volk@tue.nl



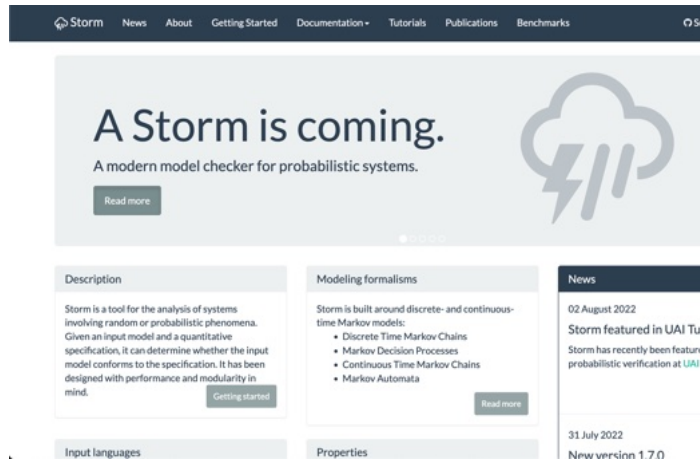
Parameter synthesis for Markov models: covering the parameter space

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Abstract

Markov chain analysis is a key technique in formal verification. A practical obstacle is that all probabilities in Markov models need to be known. However, system quantities such as failure rates or packet loss ratios, etc. are often not—or only partially—known. This motivates considering parametric models with transitions labeled with functions over parameters. Whereas traditional Markov chain analysis relies on a single, fixed set of probabilities, analysing parametric Markov models focuses on synthesising parameter values that establish a given safety or performance specification φ . Examples are: what component failure rates ensure the probability of a system breakdown to be below 0.00000001?, or which failure rates maximise the performance, for instance the throughput, of the system? This paper presents various analysis algorithms for parametric discrete-time Markov chains and Markov decision processes. We focus on three problems: (a) do all parameter values within a given region satisfy φ ?, (b) which regions satisfy φ and which ones do not?, and (c) an approximate version of (b) focusing



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Storm project. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for Storm, News, About, Getting Started, Documentation, Tutorials, Publications, and Benchmarks. The main heading reads "A Storm is coming." followed by the tagline "A modern model checker for probabilistic systems." and a "Read more" button. Below this, there are three columns of content: "Description" (explaining the tool's purpose), "Modeling formalisms" (listing supported models like Discrete Time Markov Chains, Markov Decision Processes, Continuous Time Markov Chains, and Markov Automata), and "News" (announcing a new version 1.7.0 on 02 August 2022). There are also "Getting started" and "Read more" buttons in the bottom right of the first two columns.